PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 5, 1866.

The Tory opponents of Reform in England use the same arguments against enlarging the franchise, there, that are used by the rebels against its extension on this side of the water. The friends of oppression are in unison the world over.

The New York *Evening Post*, which is devoted mainly to the advocacy of Free Trade, is opposed to the Congressional plan of Reconstruction. It wants the Southern members admitted at once, to get their votes for an early repeal of the tariff.

Garibaldi has written a letter to the "Democratic Society" in Greece, in which he says: "I will serve the cause of Greece with the same devotion as that of my own country, and I regard you as brothers. Let the ancient classic land of Leonidas shake off the yoke of its oppressors, and the brightest day of my life will be that in which I am able to take a place in your ranks."

The report sent by the Associated Press of the opinions expressed by the several Secretaries at the late Cabinet meeting upon the plan of Reconstruction proposed by the Committee of Fifteen, is said to have emanated from Mr. Seward, one object being to put Mr. Stanton in a false position before the country. The special dispatches from Washington all agree in representing that Mr. Stanton *favored* the Congressional plan, instead of opposing it.

An Aggravated Case of Suspension.—A number of men at Walkerton, Ill., having suspected one Philip Shultz of stealing a certain man's pocket book, took him into an upper room and hanged him, in order to make him confess, and on failing to make him do so on the first trial, they put him up again, and kept him up so long that when let down life was so near extinct that it took about one hour to bring him to. Afterwards the pocket book was found, and Shultz proved innocent. He is a returned soldier, and has commenced proceedings against his persecutors.

Colonel Forney is turning his double-barreled gun upon Secretary Seward. He says, in connection with the announcement of a third party movement in Pennsylvania:

"Mr. Seward's dream is the Presidency. He expects when the work of shame has been accomplished, that the congenial organizations defeated by our armies in the South and our people at the ballot-boxes in the North, will discard Johnson and take him up as their candidate! There have been hallucinations before, but none so forlorn as this; and yet those who know Mr. Seward insist that some such *glamour* has mystified him."

Among the losers by the great Detroit fire on Friday is Carl Schurz, of the *Detroit Post*. He had two large boxes in the depot of the Michigan Southern Railroad, containing a very valuable portion of his library, a collection of fine geographical and military maps, a collection of photographic reproductions of the best paintings in the gallery of Madrid, several volumes of manuscript, a number of letters from Mr. Lincoln and other prominent personages; and all his correspondence with his family during the last twelve years, embracing an almost complete diary of the political and military events with which he has been connected.

The Wheat Crop.—The Indianapolis correspondent of the New Albany *Ledger* says: "The reports generally from the northern portion of the State in regard to the wheat crop are very unfavorable. In the more northern counties the crop will be almost a failure. We regret to say that the accounts from the middle section of the State are also discouraging, and in fact, we may say this intelligence comes from all sections of the State. The wheat harvest last year was very light, and we fear, from present reports, that there will be a diminished yield next harvest. We hope these reports may turn out to be the fears of croakers; but now there appears to be too much reality in them."

A Smart Woman.—Widow Joanna Braley, of East Freetown, Mass., performed her labor tax on the highways this Spring, in person. She carries on farming operations as well as other farmers, occasionally hiring male help in the busiest seasons, and during the last winter, assisted only by a boy of fifteen years old, cut thirty cords of box-board logs in the woods. She ought to have the right of suffrage.

Wheat Crop in Montana.—The Montana *Post* thinks there will be a very large average of wheat sown in that territory this spring, sufficient to prevent any fear of scarcity next winter; and that oats, barley and vegetables will be largely produced, in addition—enough, probably, for home consumption. Five thousand acres are in cultivation in Madison alone, and these figures will be trebled in the ensuing year.

CITY ITEMS.

Cloaks and Shawls,

Lace Mantles, Lama Rotundas, at Bates & Bell's, 21 Fifth street.

A Good

Yard wide muslin, a good print and cerash, for 12½ cents at the original Bee Hive Stand, Market street.

New Dress Goods

Opening almost daily, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. Hanson Love & Bro.

Cassimeres

At popular prices, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. Hanson Love & Bro.

Muslins

Under market rates, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. Hanson Love & Bro.

Humphrey's

Homeopathic Medicines, for sale at Fulton's Drug Store, No. 108 Smithfield street, three doors above Fifth street.

Lace Curtains.

Gilt Cornices, Vestibule Lace, Linen Goods of all kinds, at
Bates & Bell's, 21 Fifth street.

Colored Alpacas.

All shades at much less than market rates, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. Hanson Love & Bro.

Fine Dress Goods.

A complete line of the rarest and richest imported goods, at Bates & Bell's.
21 Fifth street.

Ginghams

At less than eastern importers, prices on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. Hanson Love & Bro.

Elegant Silks,

A fine line of Rich Silks, in Black and Colored Gros Graines, Drap de Paris, Glace de Lyons, etc., etc., at Bates & Bell's.

Black and Colored

All wool Delaines, double width, selling at less than cost of importation, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.
C. Hanson Love & Bro.

Shellaby & Barclay

Will open this morning one bale of yard wide unbleached muslin, which they will sell at the very low price of 12½ cents a yard. Remember the original Bee Hive Stand, No. 74 and 76 Market street.

Sick Headache

Can be cured. How many hundreds, nay thousands, of the human family allow themselves to suffer with nervous and sick headache when the great sovereign remedy, Roback's Blood Pills can be obtained of any respectable druggist.

Another Arrival

Of new goods at Shellaby & Barclay's, No. 74 and 76 Market street. Beautiful dress goods and shawls, together with a very cheap assortment of prints, bleached and unbleached muslins, ginghams, &c., all from the late auction. Call and see them.

If You Want to Buy

Muslins, remember Shellaby & Barclay are selling good yard wide unbleached muslin for 12½ cents; the same goods selling everywhere for 18¾ cents. Call soon, they cannot last long at the very low price of 12½ cents per yard. They are at No's. 74 and 76 Market street.

Let all our Readers Know

That Coe's Dyspepsia Cure will certainly cure the worst cases of dyspepsia in existence, will stop pain after eating as soon as you take it, and is a most excellent article for all diseases of the stomach and bowels. Sole agent for Pittsburgh, Jos. Fleming, Druggist, No. 81 Market street.

New Style Hats,

At the first class Hat and Cap Store of William Fleming, No. 139 Wood street. This house has for years maintained an enviable reputation for the beauty, fashion and durability of its goods, as well as for the extremely low prices at which they have always been sold. One of the finest assortments of Gents' fine silk and cassimere hats, Gents' fine French felt hats, Men and Boys' straw goods, Ladies and Misses' hats, in the city, may now be found at this establishment.

Purest and Sweetest

Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh selected livers on the sea coast. This oil is characterized by a sweetness and purity peculiar to it alone. Its reputation is so great that it takes the lead of other oils, and is universally prescribed by physicians. Remember to ask for Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil.
Caswell Mack & Co., New York,
Sole manufacturers.
For sale at wholesale in Pittsburgh by R. E Sellers & Co. At retail by all Druggists.
mh23:Fd&w6m

Colorado.

An idea of the value of some claims (100 feet each), in this district, may be found when the fact is considered, that it often occurs that they yield millions of dollars, and have in several instances been sold for $25,000 per foot. Mr. Fields, from 33½ feet of the Bobtail Lode, has taken out already over $250,000 in gold, and $250,000 has been offered and refused for 33½ feet of the same lode, equal to $500,000 for a claim of 100 feet.

The opinion entertained by those abroad of claims in this district, is shown by the following:

"English capitalists have purchased £600,000 of the Colorado mining lands, and their agents and employees are now en route to develop the same. The claims are principally in Russell and Trail districts, and a recent purchase has been the Scotch Lode of 1,000 feet, for which they paid £100,000."

As will be seen by advertisement on second page, *all* the properties of The Virgin Gold Mining Company are in this district, and "original interests" in this Company may now be had at $100 each. They are offered at this price, not only to afford the man of moderate means as well as the capitalist an opportunity to secure an interest in this region of inexhaustible wealth, but also, in order to get the list filled at once and to prevent any delay in the organization of the Company. Those who have not as yet sent in their subscriptions should at once do so.

To the Debilitated and the Decrepid.

For general debility and exhaustion of the powers of nature, whether occasioned by sickness, fast living, constitutional decay, old age or any other physical or mental cause, the one thing needful and indispensable is Hostetter's celebrated Stomach Bitters. When the fire of life seems to be absolutely dying out in the system, and the mind, sympathizing with the body, is reduced almost to a state of imbecility this mighty Restorative seems, as it were, to lift the sufferer out of the slough of despond, and recruit and reinvigorate both the frame and the intellect. An old farmer in the Valley of the Monongahela writes thus to Dr. Hostetter: "I can compare the operation of your Bitters upon me to nothing but the effect of a rain after a long dry spell in the fall of the year. The rain falling on the meadows starts the second crop of grass, and your wholesome medicine seems to have started a second crop of life and spirits in me." And this is truly the effect of this grateful and powerful preparation. Ladies of weak constitution, or whose strength has been impaired by sickness or age find it a most efficacious and delightful Tonic, and it is administered with great success in cases of nervous or wasting of the flesh, to young children. In fact, it is a much safer and surer cordial for the nursery than anything advertised specially for that purpose.

Medicated Blisters

Are sold wholesale and retail at very low rates at Fleming's Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 81 Market street, corner of the Diamond and Market, near Fourth street.

Thomas W. Parry & Co.,

Practical State Roofers, and Dealers in American Slate of various colors. Office at Alexander Laughlin's near the Water Works Pittsburgh, Pa. Residence, No. 78 Pike street. Orders promptly attended to. All work warranted water proof. Repairing done at the shortest notice. No charge for repairs, provided the roof is not abused after it is put on.

Carpenter Jobbing Shop

Having returned after an absence of three years in the army, I have re-opened my shop for all sorts of jobbing in the carpenter line at the old stand, Virgin Alley, between Smithfield street and Cherry Alley. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.
William Pomeroy.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOLUME LXXX.—NO. 105. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY, MAY 5, 1866. PRICE THREE CENTS.

THE LATEST NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Confiscated Rebel Property.

TOTAL NUMBER OF PARDONS.

Senate Confirmations.

TEXAS CONVENTION DELEGATION.

Their Interview with the President.

Washington, May 4.—It appears by documents transmitted to Congress to-day, that it does not appear on record at the Attorney General's office how much property has been seized and forfeited, nor how much has been returned to the enemies of the Government.

The Adjutant General says he has no records of the restoration of property. The Quartermaster General says: Railroads have been returned on condition of being reorganized and electing loyal Boards of Directors. Engineer Delafield reports that the lands surveyed in both the loyal and disloyal States, and occupied by the military, have been dismantled.

General Howard gives a list of the property seized and subsequently restored, the greater portion of which was in Virginia and formerly occupied by refugees and freedmen. The estate of Wm. Aiken, in South Carolina, was restored on the order of General Sickles. Some were restored because the freedmen could be more advantageously located elsewhere, and others were restored on mutually satisfactory agreements. Gen. Howard furnishes a peremptory order of President Johnson, directing the return of property to one Leak, a former rebel soldier who was specially pardoned by the President; the order in this case directing that such a course should be pursued in similar cases, the effect of which has been that the bureau has been compelled to part with the greater portion of the property once under its control. Four hundred thousand acres of Abandoned property have been restored to former owners. Fourteen thousand six hundred and fifty-two acres of land seized here have also been restored, and fifteen thousand four hundred and fifty-two acres seized here have also been restored.

The number of pardons were:—in Georgia, 1,228; North Carolina, 493; Texas, 1,332; Mexico, 1; Mississippi, 765; Louisiana, 142; Alabama, 1301; South Carolina, 638; Arkansas, 34; Missouri, 10; Kentucky, 12; Florida, 38; West Virginia, 48. The Secretary of the Treasury has no information in his Department, as to how much property has been returned to its owners, and confiscated lands held by the Treasury Department were turned over in June, to the Bureau of Refugees and Freedmen.

The Senate to-day confirmed the following appointments: L. D. Campbell, Minister to Mexico; W. P. Cogshall, Minister to Ecuador; E. S. Jackson, Postmaster at Providence; E. Parker Scammon, Consul at Prince Edward's Island; L. Blodgett, Consul at St. John's, Canada East; G. W. Palmer, United States Judge at Sierra Leone, under the treaty for the suppression of the slave trade; D. B. Warner, Consul at St. John's, New Brunswick; M. B. Woolsey and William Reynolds, Commanders in the navy.

The following were also confirmed: Brevet Major Generals—For gallant and meritorious services: McDowell, Pope, Howard, Hooker, Hancock, Sheridan, Terry, Ellsworth, Parke, Stanly, Humphreys, Canby, Wright, A. J. Smith, Gibson, J. C. Davis, W. Owen, Woods, Wilson, Emory, Thomas, Wilson, Ripley, Ramsey, Terry, Delafield, Holt, Robinson, Chandler, Thomas, Woods, Schriver, Barnes, Dyer, Shiras, Townsend, Hoffman, Bryce, Barnes, Ketchum, Colliam, Hentzelman, Vanoren, Ingalls, Meigs, Rucker, Benton, Bowen, Doolittle, Beal, Brisbin, Cole, Stevenson, Duval, Hughes, Powell, Kelly, and Lanman; and Sergts. Brevet Brigadier Colonels and Lieut.-Colonels were also confirmed in the regular army.

The order of the Secretary of the Treasury suspending the purchase of silver bullion has been rescinded, and payments on these lists will be commenced after the first of next month.

Washington, May 4.—In the interview between the President and the delegation appointed by the Texas Convention, Judge Hancock concluded his address as follows: "We should fail in our duty, and only partially performed our duty to the people of our state, were we to omit expressing to your excellency our cordial approbation of your course as President of the United States, and to tender to you our approval of your restoration policy. Your wise and patriotic course in behalf of the equal rights of all sections of the country has revived fresh hope in many a despondingheart that the same generation which has experienced the most terrible shock of civil war in modern times, are civil and constitutional liberty restored throughout the entire land. We thank you, in the name of the people of Texas, for the noble and patriotic stand you have taken in behalf of the Constitution. The olive branch of peace extended to us by your kindly hands we accept in a grateful spirit, and pledge you the unqualified, honest and thorough, of the people of Texas in all measures that will tend to restore the State to its pristine condition among the States of the American Union. May the Almighty God in Excellency many years in health and prosperity, as instrumental under His guidance to restore the Government of our fathers and preserve the liberties of the people."

The President thanked the Committee for for the kind and complimentary manner in which they had spoken of his efforts for restoring the States so lately in rebellion and insurrection, to their primative relations with the United States. He was gratified to learn from them, of the unanimity of the people of Texas, who had accepted the results of the war. He expressed the hope that Texas, together with all of the other States, would in relation with each, soon be restored to her former condition in the federal government, and that their citizens, which heretofore had been citizens, would again join participation in its blessings and protection. The President said he had the utmost confidence in the ultimate restoration of the Union and that time and patience would solve the problem. Much would depend on the people of the State of Texas. If they continued in the work so auspiciously begun, and by obedience to laws, and fidelity and allegiance to the government, then he trusted the day would not be far distant when the work of restoration would be completed by the admission of their Senators and Representatives to fill the vacant places in Congress.

ANOTHER BANK FAILURE.

Merchants National Bank of Washington Suspended.

Washington, May 4—The Merchants National Bank of Washington, failed to-day. The amount of its notes in circulation is $180,000, which, however, is secured by United States' bonds. The bonds were also a Government depository. Crowds of private depositors were on the premises to-day, lamenting their supposed irrecpvable loss. Amounts of them had confided in the bank to the extent of $20,000.

The *Commercial's* Washington special says: The officers of the Merchants National Bank of Washington, attribuite their failure to the large amount loaned to Bayne & Co., stock brokers at Baltimore, who have suspended.

The Late Insurrection at Jamaica.

New York, May 4.—The *Herald's* Kingston, Jamaica correspondence, of April 24th, says the Commissioners instructed to investigate the causes and origin of the late rebellion, were busily engaged in preparing their report. Great anxiety existed as to the probable contents of this important document. It is no secret in the city that the number of pardons will be small, not exceeding over seven thousand, and with but few exceptions the persons pardoned are private citizens.

Just before the adjournment of the late Texas State Constitutional Convention, a resolution was adopted which appointed four of its own members, Messrs. J. W. Henderson, R. H. Lane, A. A. Porter and John Hancock, a committee to visit Washington and lay before the President the result of the deliberations of the Convention. These delegates arrived here and called upon the President to-day, and laid before Mr. Johnson the official copies of the ordinances adopted by the Convention declaring the ordinance of secession null and void, repudiating the rebel debt, giving freedmen the right to testify in the courts, etc., etc.

The month of May opens well for the internal revenue. The Treasury has received $4,873,750 in the first three days.

Mr. Sherman's thirty year five per cent. loan bill is freely canvassed in all quarters, and a favorable opinion as to its practicability and success is rapidly increasing. A strong evidence of this is seen in the rapid appreciation of the ten-forties. There is a strong probability of the passage of the bill.

In answer to numerous inquiries from Custom House officers, the Secretary of the Treasury says that refined petroleum, if not less than one hundred and five degrees Fahrenheit, is not included in the prohibition as to transportation, set forth in circulars of April 6th. It is also decided that crude petroleum can be transported in barges towed by passenger steamers within the license required by the circular above named.

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SEPARATE GOVERNMENT FOR EAST TENNESSEE.

Meeting of the Convention.

ADDRESS OF JUDGE ROGERS.

Cincinnati, May 4.—The Convention called to consider the propriety of organizing a separate State government for East Tennessee met at Knoxville yesterday. Judge Samuel Rogers presided. Judge Rogers said he hoped the members would act deliberately and with caution. This was but an adjourned me ting of the Convention held at Greenville, during the dark hours of the rebellion. We propose to consider the movement. It is no secession movement. If we secede it will be from the rebel people to join the Union people. East Tennessee has long desired a separate State government and the new State can be made one of the richest in the Union. At the conclusion of the Presidential campaign, resident's remarks, which the Committee on Resolutions, reported an address, which was unanimously adopted, stating that the scheme had long been cherished by East Tennessee. The people of the State differ in soil, custom and habit. The differences between the people are erradicable. West of the mountains the people are all rebels, and all rebels we regard as traitors. Among ourselves we must disenfranchise them. We will not be dragged into false positions as to the Union party. We feel that we have the right to believe a separate government the best that we may live in peace and developoe our resources.

The address concludes with statistics as to the population, number of square miles, mineral resources, &c.

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After an eloquent address by Col. Nelson, supporting the movement, the President of the Convention was instructed to appoint a committee of three to bring the question before the Legislature.

A committee was also appointed to prepare an address to the people of East Tennessee.

From San Francisco—Floods in Australia—Mexican Advices.

San Francisco, May 3.—The steamer Constitution left this port at 11 o'clock to-day with New York dates of April 11th.

Edwin Forrest, the tragedian, has a passenger by her.

Australian dates of February 10th are received. They report destructive floods in that colony.

Consul Brooly, Liberal, has official communications dated El Paso Del Norte, March 20th, announcing that the Liberals took the City of Chihuahua, March 9th, after two days hard fighting, capturing three hundred prisoners, among whom was Juliet Corronen, the Imperial Mayor of Chihuahua. On the 22nd the Liberals captured the city of Hidalgo Del Parral, after a severe resistance. These cities restore the State of Chihuahua to the Liberal government.

In Coahuila, at Santa Isabel, the Liberals had defeated the Imperialists, killing one hundred and thirty-one and capturing one hundred and sixty-six. Bryant, the French commander of the Imperialists artillery, baggage and munitions of war all fell into the hands of the Liberals.

Mining shares are firmer. Ophir, 35@; Yellow Jacket, 72@; Belcher, 34@; Cholliar de Potosi, 72@.

From Mexico, Texas and Red River.

New Orleans, May 4.—The regular troops recently arrived in Texas are acting very badly. Drunken rows and fights occur at Galveston.

Business at Matamoras is very dull.

The Imperial and Austrian troops are dissatisfied for want of adequate pay.

Forced loans are driving the merchants away.

The safe of the Southern express containing seventy-five thousand dollars, was stolen near Brownsville, and fifteen thousand dollars in the money package. Some clothing and an axe were found near by. The clerks were arrested and lodged in jail.

Red river planters say the cotton seed is universally destroyed. A devastating overflow is also feared. The Red river is the highest ever known.

Judge Duplantin has decided that notes payable in Confederate money are worthless; also that mortgages given for Confederate money during the war are invalid.

The Late Fenian Finale.

Boston, May 4.—Capt. Wm. H. Grace, who claims to be one of the oldest Fenians in New England, publishes a communication in the *Post* of this city, detailing the recent abortive attempts to invade the British Provinces. He says that the expedition was approved by O'Mahony and commanded by Killian, that the latter asserted that an iron vessel, landed with arms, was to meet them at Eastport and a landing on British territory was to be made on the night of their arrival, and that after the expedition had started O'Mahony countermanded the sailing of the vessel and threw other obstacles in the way, which led to its failure. Capt. Grace denounces O'Mahony as without good Fenians to rally under the banner of Gen. Sweeney.

General Sherman on a Tour.

St. Louis, May 4.—General Sherman, accompanied by Colonel McCoy, of Kansas, left here yesterday morning on a tour of inspection along the eastern termini of the Pacific railroad. He proceeds first through Wisconsin, thence to Fort Leavenworth, where he will organize a military corps, guards, guards, engineers, etc. His route will then be to Fort Riley, Fort Kearney, Omaha, Sioux City, Fort Ridgely, St. Paul, Fort Abercrombie, Fort Ripley, and Marquette, thence probably to Chicago and St. Louis. A full report of his progress, and the prospect of a different projected road will be made.

Two Boys Picked up at Sea—Death of Three Others.

Oswego, May 4.—Captain Falkner, of the schooner Corsican, which vessel arrived here this morning from Hamilton, C. W., reports that while off Oakville he picked up a skiff containing two boys, one exhausted, and a girl who had died from exposure. It was ascertained that the skiff had drifted out from Oakville with two boys and three girls, but two of the latter were washed overboard and drowned. Their ages were under fifteen years.

The Infected Steamers.

New York, May 4.—Thirty of the Virginia's passengers have been brought to the city. There has been no sickness among them. The steerage passengers of the Virginia and Pennsylvania will be permitted to come up this afternoon.

One new case of cholera is reported at quarantine, and five cases of varioloid.

Another person died at Ratten's Barracks to-day, an infant child of the woman Jenkins who died three days since.

Injunction Granted.

New York, May 4.—An injunction has been granted on the application of several stockholders of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, restraining the Directors from disposing of certain sets of steamers, on the ground of fraud in the sale of them. The argument was set down for to-day.

Fire 46 Clifford, Ohio.

Cincinnati, May 4.—The new residence of Henry Yarwig, 46 Clifford, was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss forty thousand dollars. Supposed to be set on fire by an incendiary.

Two Boat Boiler Explosion—Nine Persons Killed.

Cincinnati, May 4.—The tow boat Nick Hughes exploded her boilers last night, near Hamilton, Ohio, completely demolishing the saloons, among whom were Captain Van Dorn, his wife and the engineer.

AMNESTY PARDONS AND CONFISCATED PROPERTY.

Texas Constitutional Convention

FIVE PER CENT. LOAN BILL.

Transportation of Petroleum.

THE GRAND JURY AND JEFF. DAVIS.

New York, May 4.—The *Times'* Washington special says: The President is now preparing, in answer to a resolution of the House, a statement of the number and names of all who have been granted amnesty pardon, and a particular statement of all the confiscated property that has been restored to the original owners. The value of the property is not stated, but I learn that the number of pardons is something over seven thousand, and with but few exceptions the persons pardoned are private citizens.

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Consul Brooly, Liberal, has official communications dated El Paso Del Norte, March 20th, announcing that the Liberals took the City of Chihuahua, March 9th, after two days hard fighting, capturing three hundred prisoners, among whom was Juliet Corronen, the Imperial Mayor of Chihuahua. On the 22nd the Liberals captured the city of Hidalgo Del Parral, after a severe resistance. These cities restore the State of Chihuahua to the Liberal government.

In Coahuila, at Santa Isabel, the Liberals had defeated the Imperialists, killing one hundred and thirty-one and capturing one hundred and sixty-six. Bryant, the French commander of the Imperialists artillery, baggage and munitions of war all fell into the hands of the Liberals.

Mining shares are firmer. Ophir, 35@; Yellow Jacket, 72@; Belcher, 34@; Cholliar de Potosi, 72@.

From Mexico, Texas and Red River.

New Orleans, May 4.—The regular troops recently arrived in Texas are acting very badly. Drunken rows and fights occur at Galveston.

Business at Matamoras is very dull.

The Imperial and Austrian troops are dissatisfied for want of adequate pay.

Forced loans are driving the merchants away.

The safe of the Southern express containing seventy-five thousand dollars, was stolen near Brownsville, and fifteen thousand dollars in the money package. Some clothing and an axe were found near by. The clerks were arrested and lodged in jail.

Red river planters say the cotton seed is universally destroyed. A devastating overflow is also feared. The Red river is the highest ever known.

Judge Duplantin has decided that notes payable in Confederate money are worthless; also that mortgages given for Confederate money during the war are invalid.

The Late Fenian Finale.

Boston, May 4.—Capt. Wm. H. Grace, who claims to be one of the oldest Fenians in New England, publishes a communication in the *Post* of this city, detailing the recent abortive attempts to invade the British Provinces. He says that the expedition was approved by O'Mahony and commanded by Killian, that the latter asserted that an iron vessel, landed with arms, was to meet them at Eastport and a landing on British territory was to be made on the night of their arrival, and that after the expedition had started O'Mahony countermanded the sailing of the vessel and threw other obstacles in the way, which led to its failure. Capt. Grace denounces O'Mahony as without good Fenians to rally under the banner of Gen. Sweeney.

General Sherman on a Tour.

St. Louis, May 4.—General Sherman, accompanied by Colonel McCoy, of Kansas, left here yesterday morning on a tour of inspection along the eastern termini of the Pacific railroad. He proceeds first through Wisconsin, thence to Fort Leavenworth, where he will organize a military corps, guards, guards, engineers, etc. His route will then be to Fort Riley, Fort Kearney, Omaha, Sioux City, Fort Ridgely, St. Paul, Fort Abercrombie, Fort Ripley, and Marquette, thence probably to Chicago and St. Louis. A full report of his progress, and the prospect of a different projected road will be made.

Two Boys Picked up at Sea—Death of Three Others.

Oswego, May 4.—Captain Falkner, of the schooner Corsican, which vessel arrived here this morning from Hamilton, C. W., reports that while off Oakville he picked up a skiff containing two boys, one exhausted, and a girl who had died from exposure. It was ascertained that the skiff had drifted out from Oakville with two boys and three girls, but two of the latter were washed overboard and drowned. Their ages were under fifteen years.

The Infected Steamers.

New York, May 4.—Thirty of the Virginia's passengers have been brought to the city. There has been no sickness among them. The steerage passengers of the Virginia and Pennsylvania will be permitted to come up this afternoon.

One new case of cholera is reported at quarantine, and five cases of varioloid.

Another person died at Ratten's Barracks to-day, an infant child of the woman Jenkins who died three days since.

Injunction Granted.

New York, May 4.—An injunction has been granted on the application of several stockholders of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, restraining the Directors from disposing of certain sets of steamers, on the ground of fraud in the sale of them. The argument was set down for to-day.

Fire 46 Clifford, Ohio.

Cincinnati, May 4.—The new residence of Henry Yarwig, 46 Clifford, was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss forty thousand dollars. Supposed to be set on fire by an incendiary.

Two Boat Boiler Explosion—Nine Persons Killed.

Cincinnati, May 4.—The tow boat Nick Hughes exploded her boilers last night, near Hamilton, Ohio, completely demolishing the saloons, among whom were Captain Van Dorn, his wife and the engineer.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

Washington City, May 4.

SENATE.

The bill to prevent smuggling, recently presented by Mr. Chandler, was reported with slight amendments. Several petitions were offered and referred, after which the Senate proceeded, according to the resolution adopted on Wednesday, to the consideration of private bills from the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Conness presented a petition from the workingmen of California, asking the enactment of an eight hour law for the government of men in the employment of the United States. Mr. Conness said he fully believed that labor would be more profitable to the country under the eight hour system than it is now under the ten hour system; that as much work would be done in eight hours as is now done in ten. The petition was referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

Mr. Sumner introduced the petition of the State government of Massachusetts for the reimbursement for war expenses, which was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Grimes said the bill ought to be amended so as to include claims for transportation, so as to send large claims growing out of transportation to the Court of Claims. The bill was read three times and laid over until Tuesday next.

Mr. Wilson moved to take up the bill to establish a national militia. He said the House had recently killed an army bill and it was necessary to pass this in lieu of it.

Mr. Grimes said he congratulated the country on the killing of the army bill in the House. He hoped the Senate army bill would be killed also.

The Senate at 1½ o'clock went into Executive session and soon after adjourned.

HOUSE.

Mr. Stevens asked leave to introduce the following joint resolution:

Resolved, By the Senate and House of Representatives, in Congress assembled, that the Congress of the United States of America has learned with deep regret of the attempt made upon the life of the Emperor of Russia by the enemy of emancipation. The Congress send this greeting to His Imperial Majesty, and congratulate the two million of serfs upon their providential escape from the danger of a sovereign to whose head and heart they owe the blessings of their freedom.

There being no objection, the joint resolution received its several readings.

Mr. Grinnell, of Iowa, called for the yeas and nays on the passage of the resolution. The following was the result: Yeas, 124; nays none. So the joint resolution was passed unanimously.

On motion of Mr. Merrill, a new report of the Internal Revenue Tax bill was ordered. He said this was necessary on account of some modifications and of some errors.

Mr. Paine asked leave to introduce a joint resolution to provide that all persons who have performed meritorious services as officers or enlisted men in the army or navy of the United States, for a period of not less than two years, during the late rebellion, shall be eligible to appointment in the United States Military Academy until twenty-four years of age, and to the United States Naval Academy until twenty-one years of age, after having served less than two years, to be eligible until twenty-three and twenty years respectively.

Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, objected, unless the word "white" was inserted.

On motion of Mr. Banks, the conference between the Secretary of State and the British Minister at Washington, relative to the claims of Thomas Miller and other British subjects, on account of Alabama claims arrest, and of Charles Allen, for the seizure of property in Texas, was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Cook, from the Conference Committee, made a report, which was agreed to, on the Habeas Corpus bill. That bill was therefore passed by both houses.

The bill to pay Charles Brewer & Co., of Boston, $3,856, for the passage from the Sandwich Island to Honolulu of American seamen whose vessels were destroyed by the Anglo-Confederate pirate Shenandoah, passed many months.

Mr. Eckly, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported a bill to authorize the issue of a military land warrant to Frederick Berdin, assignee of Peter Hess, to be issued, and a bill to create the office of Surveyor-General of Idaho Territory, which was considered and passed.

Mr. McElver, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported a bill to quiet the title to certain lands within the corporate limits of the city of Beneecia, Cal., which was considered and passed. It relinquishes to the parties the right and title of the United States to all such lands as are in the bona fide occupancy of the parties, or may be occupied by the Government as a military Department, or heretofore conveyed by the United States for public purposes.

Mr. M'Rueb also from the Postoffice Committee, reported back the joint resolution for the relief of Ambrose L. Goodrich and Nathan Cornish, which was considered and passed.

Mr. M'Ruer, also from the same Committee, reported back adversely the Senate bill for the relief of Washington Dorsey, which was laid on the table.

Messrs. Ingersoll, M'Cullough, Walker and Baldwin made a number of reports from the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. Deming addressed the House in explanation and advocacy of the bill. Referring to the question of pay he stated the present yearly salary of the Lieutenant General, from all sources, was $16,800, and that under this bill the pay of the Lieutenant General, from all sources, would be $17,000. This bill, he said, had been reported as a recompense for the Republic's most illustrious defender. In placing this bill on its merits, he was confident the House and the country would sustain the House of the obligations of the country to General Grant in many disheartening hours of extremity and peril.

Referring to the rewards paid in all ages to victorious Generals, Mr. Deming said that in ages long anterior to the most ancient records, victorious Generals became the kings and founders of dynasties. He referred to the conversation between Gens. Grant and Buell after the battle of Shiloh, when Grant was earnestly urging Buell to march to the help of Tennessee river, and replied to the question where he would have retreated, that he did not mean to retreat, adding that if forced to retreat he would have been compelled to carry away all would have survived. In one important respect, he continued, the battle of Shiloh accomplished more towards the eventful success of the National arms than any battle fought in the war. It was the *experimentum crucis*, that first tested the resp

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 5, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR:

MAJ. GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

UNION STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE Will meet at the rooms of THE NATIONAL UNION CLUB, No. 1105 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of May inst., at three o'clock P. M. The attendance of every member of Committee is earnestly solicited.

FR. JORDAN, Chairman.

PHILADELPHIA, May 1st, 1866.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Notice is hereby given that hereafter all TRANSIENT advertisements received at this office must be paid for when handed in, except in the case of yearly advertisers, whose bills will be rendered quarterly, as usual. Advertisers will please make a note of this, as the rule of cash payments for advertisements of the character stated, will be inflexibly enforced.

The price of our paper is THREE CENTS at the counter or from newsboys. Served by carriers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week.

COMMERCE BETWEEN STATES.

Among the prerogatives expressly given to Congress by the Constitution is the power to regulate commerce between the States. It follows, therefore, that should one State obstruct such commerce between States lying on opposite sides of it, by refusing to permit the improvement of natural avenues through its territory, by railways or otherwise, so that such commerce may be carried on advantageously, and through which the citizens of any of such States may pass from one to the other, or to the seat of their common national government, that it would be perfectly competent for Congress to authorize the construction of railroads or other improvements independent of the obstructing State.

It is on this principle that a bill was introduced into Congress a few days ago by Mr. GARFIELD, of Ohio, "to promote the construction of a line of railroad from the City of Washington to the Northwest." The only links necessary to complete the contemplated chain are, the road from Washington to the Point of Rocks, and the unfinished portion of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville road, lying between Connellsville and Cumberland, some ninety miles in length. But, to render it still more direct, complete, and unbroken, it requires that the Cleveland and Mahoning road shall be continued from its present terminus at our State line, a few miles west of Newcastle, to this city, here to be united with the Connellsville road.

The Legislature having, some time ago, divested the Connellsville Company of its authority to continue its operations south of Connellsville, and having at the late session refused to authorize the continuation of the Cleveland and Mahoning road from the State line to this city, this great natural route for trade and intercourse between States and commercial cities on opposite sides of our borders is completely blocked. This was done, not to subserve the interests of the people of the State—for many thousands of them suffer in common with their neighbors and fellow-citizens of other States—but because the Pennsylvania Central Company does not choose to tolerate a rival, and has influence enough to control our State legislation. How that company happens to have so much influence is a question which every Pennsylvanian may venture to guess.

Being so obstructed in the enjoyment of advantages and privileges which, as citizens of the Union, they have a right to claim and demand, is it any wonder that the people of Ohio appeal to a higher authority to remove this impediment thrown in their way by a jealous corporation? Certainly they are right, and a majority of the people of this State will second their motion. It will not do to plead that such action on the part of Congress would be an invasion of the reserved rights of this State; for Pennsylvania, before she can make a stand on that point, must pay some proper regard to the constitutional rights of her sister States. Certainly the eminent domain, in the highest sense, vests in the National Government; and when "the general welfare" calls for the active exercise of that august prerogative, it is in the highest degree proper and right that it should be exercised. We trust, therefore, that the bill before Congress will be enacted into a law.

It is not contemplated in the bill to have the Connellsville road completed under a national charter, but simply to authorize its construction under its present suspended charter, leaving it to be regulated and governed by the laws of the State, just as that portion of the same road lying between Pittsburgh and Connellsville, which is completed and in full operation, now is. In the exercise of its power to establish military and post roads, and to regulate commerce among the States, it is the clear and undoubted right of Congress to revive that suspended charter.

SOME DELUSIONS which the people of the Southern States formerly cherished, were not dispelled by the sharp discipline of the war. Among these, is the fantasm that Northern society, in its social and moral elements, is essentially inferior to Southern society. This idea arose naturally out of slavery. So long as that institution survived, every body understands, it was accepted as the test and measure of excellence. A sentiment, almost as spontaneous as instinct, prevailed that there were tendencies and conditions of Northern life, open to decided criticism, and calling for radical abatement. Under any aspect, this is doubtless true of any society. Human nature has not reached perfection anywhere. But the Southern people have not yet become so estranged from slavery, and inured to liberty, as to find their old state of society distasteful. It was not to be expected that so short a space as a year would work a transformation of ideas wrought into all the fibers of their being. They still cling to the old notion, and descant upon it with an appearance of sincerity that is entertaining. The Macon (Ga.) *Telegraph* says:

The failure of the revolution strikes down a barrier that would have proved a great protection to Southern society, and preserved it, in a great measure, from the influence of increasing moral corruption at the North.

The people of the South are a plain, honest, industrious and *virtuous* people, fearing God and punctilliously honorable in their relations to their fellow-men. For their beauty, intelligence, simplicity of manners and spotless virtue, our women are the admiration of the good all the world over. The social relations of our people are on a footing of plainness and purity to be found among the inhabitants of no other nation. In this respect we are as distinct a people from our political brethren of the North, as they are from the dwellers in Kamscatka or the Sandwich Island.

The North, the editor apprehends, is the open gate way through which all the corruptions of European life swell in upon the people of this country. Nor is this all. He thinks there is something most congenial in Northern society to those corruptions, and by which they are taken up and perpetrated. The establishment of the Confederacy would have erected a barrier which this social contagion could not have passed. What is to be done now to maintain the innocence of Southern life and manners, it is hard to conjecture; but something is indispensable. There is a deep anguish in the tone of the *Telegraph:*

What shall we of the South become in the course of a generation, with a continual flood-tide pouring in upon us, bringing on its bosom the fashions, the customs, personal habits, extravagance, licentious publications, infidelity, and fashionable innovations upon female modesty and the sacred relations of married life? There is not a week that some disgusting invention to make woman a cheat and fraud, and to change the whole moral current of her nature, is not sent South to demoralize and corrupt a pure-minded but imitative people.

And this is the conclusion of the whole matter:

We are willing to live under the laws of the Union, and so long as they are just and impartial, discharge all our duties as citizens to the Government that is over us; but had we the power we would build a wall of fire mountain high between such a people and our own.

The armies of the Union, in whatever directions they penetrated, failed to discover the primitive simplicity and enchanting virtue which our Macon contemporary appears to have before its eyes.

Congressional Representation Under the Proposed Amendment.

In the accompanying table we present the effect of the proposed Amendment to the Constitution upon the Congressional representation of the Slave States. A new census would probably somewhat modify these figures. The loss of life in the late war is not introduced because the amount is unknown; nor is the migration of the black race, consequent upon freedom. But we believe the result will be substantially as we state it below.

The first column gives the Population of the Slave States in 1860, taken from the United States Census; the second column the Voters in 1860, taken from the *Tribune Almanac*; the third column presents the number of Male Citizens of Color above the age of 21; the fourth column, the present number of Members the State is entitled to, and the last the number to which she will be entitled when the proposed law shall have been carried into effect. By this plan the Slave Power will lose 25 votes.

	Population in 1860.	Voters in 1860.	M. citizens of color above 21.	Present No. of Repres's.	No. under Con. Amend
ALABAMA.					
White...	529,121	56,357	.....	7	4
Colored..	435,080	.....	46,049	1	1
ARKANSAS.					
White...	324,335	54,053	.....	2	2
Colored..	111,115	.....	18,519	...	...
DELAWARE					
White...	110,418	16,039	.....	1	1
Colored..	1,798	.....	262	...	...
FLORIDA.					
White....	78,679	14,347	.....	1	1
Colored..	61,745	.....	11,183	...	...
GEORGIA.					
White....	595,088	106,365	.....	7	4
Colored..	462,198	.....	82,306	...	...
LOUISIANA.					
White....	376,276	50,510	.....	4	2
Colored..	331,726	.....	44,016	...	...
MARYLAND.					
White....	599,860	92,502	.....	5	4
Colored..	87,189	.....	13,339	...	...
MISSISSIPPI.					
White....	354,674	69,120	.....	5	2
Colored..	436,631	.....	84,983	...	...
MISSOURI.					
White..	1,067,081	165,518	.....	9	8
Colored....	114,931	.....	17,783	...	...
NORTH CAROLINA.					
White....	661,563	96,230	.....	8	5
Colored...	331,059	.....	48,072	...	...
SOUTH CAROLINA.					
White....	291,302	44,000	.....	6	2
Colored..	402,406	.....	58,764	...	...
TENNESSEE.					
White....	834,082	145,833	.....	8	6
Colored..	275,719	.....	47,810	...	...
TEXAS.					
White..	421,649	62,986	.....	...	...
Colored..	182,566	.....	26,302	4	3
VIRGINIA.					
White..	730,479	107,723	.....	8	6
Colored..	472,304	.....	109,683	...	...
Total.....				75	50

* Estimated. *New York Tribune.*

Kentucky Politics.

We print an inside view of the so-called Democratic Convention held in Louisville on the 1st instant. The Union party, or Conservative party, or the Conservative Democratic party, will hold a Convention on the 10th instant. Then the lines will be fully drawn and the contest in the State next August will be narrowed down to the two organizations. The Radicals will be lookers-on merely. They will, at least, have no candidates in the field, and it will depend on the action of the approaching Convention whether they will have interest enough in the contest to vote.

The Convention which met on Tuesday was unquestionably engineered by the simon pure rebels—men who were in the rebel army, either in person or in spirit, and who would to-day, if they could, break up the Union and establish a Southern Confederacy. But the platform professes loyalty, while it adheres to the doctrine of State rights, and it compliments Andrew Johnson, although care was taken to have it understood that it was not an "Andy Johnson" Convention.

The approaching Convention will undoubtedly support Andrew Johnson; but otherwise we are doubtful whether its declaration of principles will differ essentially from those presented on Tuesday. It may possibly denounce the rebellion and pronounce against the right of secession, neither of which the rebel Convention did; but we shall have denunciation of the Union majority in Congress, as bitter, as full, and as deep as can be written. What, then, would this party gain by success? It would have no party to stand by it in the North. It would have no party to stand by it in the South. It would be solitary and alone, as it was in the days of Kentucky neutrality.

The Democratic party revived in Kentucky on Tuesday will be recognized by the Northern Democrats. It will also be the party of the South. It will thus have a moral strength to begin on, that, coupled with the fact that all the rebels and rebel sympathizers in Kentucky, which in our opinion constitute a majority of the people of the State, will secure to it a victory in August.

There is a boldness in this rebel movement, notwithstanding the concealments attempted in the platform, that will become more apparent as the canvass progresses, and this, with its prospect of success, and the outside support it will receive from Northern Democrats, will give it strength with that large class known as floating voters, who admire audacity and desire to be on the winning side, more than they care for principles.—*Cincinnati Gazette.*

The Cabinet Meeting—Views of Secretary Stanton.

No little comment has been had to-day upon the anonymous account of the cabinet meeting of yesterday generally circulated here among the Washington papers, and sent abroad by the Associated Press as a rumor. Here, its authorship is credited to the President. That portion of it alluding to the Secretary of the War is the only portion of it that surprises any one in the least. There is no doubt but that he is incorrectly reported. Custom has made the details of what transpired in cabinet meeting confidential, and the account given out at a late hour last night is somewhat unusual. The general belief among members of Congress to-day is that the Secretary of War has made no speech in material antagonism to the Congressional policy of Reconstruction or in especial support of the President, and that the anonymous rumor is set afloat to induce him to say or do something that would afford an excuse for his summary removal from the Cabinet. The day may not be far distant when the curtain may be drawn aside, and the whole truth unequivocally spread before the people. In the meantime, the Republicans will need more evidence than any that has yet been furnished them that Secretary Stanton is in favor of the immediate admission of the Southern delegations and that he is against the restoration plan laid down by the Committee of Fifteen.—*Washington dispatch to the N. Y. Tribune.*

We do not know what may have been the immediate cause of that bloody riot in Memphis, but we find in the *Daily Argus* of April 29, the following applied to the blacks of that city: "Would to God they were back to Africa, h—l, or some other sea-port town—*anywhere* but here." That is a fair sample of the allusions made to the negroes by the reconstructed Memphis press for some months past. It is eminently soothing to the feelings of the freedmen, and well calculated to convince them that the patriotic whites of Memphis, their late masters and belaborers, are their best and only friends.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

Guthrie's Patriotism.

EDITORS GAZETTE:—As Hon. James Guthrie is one of the many patriotic supporters of "My Policy," I desire to give your many readers an insight into the patriotism of the Honorable gentleman.

Traveling on the Louisville and Nashville railroad in the Spring of 1861, on my journey north, the train stopped at a station north of Bowling Green. A military organization of young Southerners dressed in their infamous gray, were drawn up in line, to no doubt to impress the minds of the Yanks homeward-bound, with the military ardor and strength of the South. While admiring their fine military appearance, I was startled by the cry of "Guthrie! Guthrie!" Mr. Guthrie, who was on the train, went out on the rear platform of the cars and addressed the assembled braves. I had listened to Jeff. Davis, Judah P Benjamin and others of the notorious leaders of the rebellion, but Mr. Guthrie on this occasion eclipsed them all in his denunciation of President Lincoln, stigmatizing him as a tyrant, and urging his hearers to resist the demands of the President. In fact, having listened to some of the most eloquent and notorious orators engaged in those dark days in firing the Southern heart, I am free to confess that Mr. Guthrie's address, short as it was, was the most treasonable and despicable that I listened to.

J.

ADVERTISING SWINDLERS.—Among the thousand and one swindles the appended samples should suffice to caution credulous countrymen and city folks:

The following is the answer to a letter sent to one of those advertising swindlers of New York, offering, for a fractional currency, to send a "certain and quick mode of getting rich:"

"Work like the d—l, and don't spend a cent."

Another fellow, in Boston, personated a young lady of sweet sixteen and possessor of a fortune of $50,000, residing with an old uncle who is miserly and watchful, proposing herself in marriage—fifty cents to be inclosed by each nice young man, to pay for her photograph, &c. He was detected, having received numerous letters with money inclosed. His real name is Augustus H. Morrison, a married man of Malden, Massachusetts.

Another fellow advertises a plan to make $100 a week at your own house, which turns out to be a receipe for making artificial honey, not worth a dime.

A BANK SWINDLER.—The Cambridge Valley Bank, in Easton, N. Y., has been swindled out of $20,000. It is said that the firm of Batty & Hoag, of that place, who owned two large farms in the town worth $25,000, with a mill in Michigan worth $18,000, and $16,000 stock in the Lansingburg National Bank, had notes discounted at the bank to the amount of $20,000; but when their notes fell due it was discovered that they had disposed of all their property to E. W. Griffin & Co., of Albany, and fled from the state, since which they have not been heard of. Their liabilities are estimated at $80,000. Other banks in Washington and Saratoga counties have suffered in the same manner, to the extent, it is reported, of $40,000.

ANOTHER SUICIDE.—We are informed that a man named John Pedicord, of Brush-valley township, committed suicide by hanging himself on Thursday of last week. From what we can learn he went out in the morning to plow and shortly afterwards was found suspended by the plow line to a stake on the fence, his feet touching the ground. We have heard no cause assigned for the rash deed. He was about 35 years of age—we believe a married man. This is the third case of suicide committed in our county during the past three months.—*Indiana Messenger.*

THE old-fashioned custom of rejecting a man as a juror on the trial of capital offences, because he has been intelligent enough to read the newspaper reports of the case and sane enough to form an opinion on the basis of those reports, is, we rejoice to see, falling at last into disuse. In the choice of the jury for trying Probst, in Philadelphia, the Court admitted as jurors those of the panel, who, notwithstanding the formation of an opinion, answered that they would be governed in their verdict by the evidence before the Court. This is a decision of common sense.

IN the more boastful portion of his speech to the colored men the other day, Mr. Johnson "thanked God that his efforts had contributed as much, if not more, in accomplishing the great national guaranty of freedom, than those of any living man in the United States." Did he refer in this to the fact that it was he, more than any other man, who persuaded Mr. Lincoln to omit Tennessee from the emancipation proclamation?—*Chicago Rep.*

THE crops in Iowa generally look well. The fruit prospect in Fayette county, Ind., is good, except for peaches and grapes. The Connersville *Times* says it has not heard of a single peach blossom in the county, and that it is probable the buds of the most choice variety of grapes have also been killed.

DAN VOORHEES published a card in the Terre Haute papers, positively declining his renomination to Congress. He consents however to canvass the districts for the nominee.

JOHN G. WHITTIER is put forward by the Newburyport (Mass.) *Herald* as the people's candidate for Congress in the district which John B. Alley now represents.

THE Hon. Wm. Johnston, formerly M. C. from Ohio, died at Mansfield, last Tuesday morning.

RELIGIOUS.

FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH, ALLEGHENY CITY, EXCELSIOR HALL, corner of Federal and Lacock streets. Pastor, JOSEPH KING. Services at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. Prayer Meeting on WEDNESDAY EVENING at 7½ o'clock. my5:1t

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.—Preaching in the FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH by the Pastor, Rev. JAMES S. DICKEY, on the LORD'S DAY, at 10½ o'clock, a. m. and 7½ p. m. Strangers and the public are cordially invited to attend. Seats free. my5:1t

THE PLYMOUTH CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH will hold Public Religious Services in the new ACADEMY OF MUSIC, on Liberty street, TO-MORROW (Sabbath) May 6th, at 10½ A. M., and 7½ P. M. Rev. H. MOORE, Pastor, will preach at 10½ A. M., and 7½ P. M. All are affectionately invited to attend. my5:1td

DIVIDENDS.

BANK OF PITTSBURGH, May 1st, 1866.

THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on its Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, which will be paid to stockholders or their legal representatives on or after the 11th inst., free of Government tax. WM. ROSEBURG, Cashier.

my2:3t&4tw.

1866 CITY NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PITTSBURGH, May 1st, 1866.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a dividend of SIX (6) PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to stockholders or their legal representative, on or after the 10th inst.

my2:3t&8tWF. J. MAGOFFIN, Cash.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, May 1st, 1866.

DIVIDEND.—The President and Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT., free of Government tax, out of the profits of the last six months, payable to the stockholders on and after the 7th instant. my1:2w C. H. RIDDLE, Cashier.

OFFICE WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, May 1st, 1866.

DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of FIFTY CENTS upon each share of the Capital Stock, out of the earned profits of expired risks of the last six months, free of Government and State taxes, payable to stockholders on and after the 10th inst. WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.

my2:2wd.

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PITTSBURGH, May 1st, 1866.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF this Bank have declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the earnings of the last six months, payable forthwith. The United States tax will be paid by the Bank.

ma2:10td. H. M. MURRAY, Cash.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

BOARDING.—A few gentlemen can be accommodated with board and room; also a Physician could be accommodated with room suitable for office, board and bed room. Address BOX 561, with proper name. ma2:1w.

ROOMS AND BOARD.—Unfurnished Rooms can be had, with Board, by a gentleman and wife, on Sycamore, on the line of the Passenger Railway, by addressing M. P., THIS OFFICE. References exchanged. mh28:1t

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—We have this day associated with us as partner and General Manager of the Foundry and Machine business, in Wellsville, our Mr. JAMES NELSON, formerly of the well-known firm of J. Nelson & Co., and Stackhouse & Nelson, of this city. HUGH MOORE.

HUNTER ORR.

PITTSBURGH April 1st, 1866.—splicmd

WE HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED with us as partner and General Manager of the Foundry and Machinery business, in Wellsville, our Mr. JAMES NELSON, formerly of the well-known firm of J. Nelson & Co., and Stackhouse & Nelson, of this city. HUGH MOORE.

HUNTER ORR.

PITTSBURGH, April 2d, 1866.

WE HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED with us as partner and General Manager of the Foundry and Machinery business, in Wellsville, our Mr. JAMES NELSON, formerly of the well-known firm of J. Nelson & Co., and Stackhouse & Nelson, of this city. HUGH MOORE.

HUNTER ORR.

PITTSBURGH April 1st, 1866.—splicmd

WE HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED with WM. WADE, Jr., with us in the Foundry and Machinery business. The name and style of the firm to remain unchanged.

my2:3td. MACKINTOSH, HEMPHILL & CO.

DISSOLUTION.

DISSOLUTION.—The co-partnership heretofore existing between BLAKE & KIRBY, of Allegheny City, was dissolved on the 28TH DAY OF MARCH, 1866, by the death of William Blake. The accounts of the firm will be settled by the undersigned.

my5:3td J. M. KIRBY.

POLITICAL.

UNION REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.—The Union Republican Voters of Allegheny County are requested to meet at the usual places for holding elections, in the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships, on SATURDAY, MAY 26TH, and elect two delegates from each election district, to a County Convention, to be held on TUESDAY, MAY 29TH, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating a County Ticket, and transacting such other business as may be properly brought before it.

The Republican voters of that portion of Allegheny county lying in the 23d Congressional District, will, at the same time and places, elect two delegates from each election district, to meet in Convention, at City Hall, Allegheny, on TUESDAY, MAY 29TH, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress in said district.

The primary elections in the townships will be held between the hours of four and six o'clock, and in the cities and boroughs between the hours of four and seven o'clock P. M. In the cities and boroughs the elections shall be by ballot, and in the townships by marking or by ballot.

By order of the Committee.

WM. ANDERSON, } Secretaries.
R. W. THOMAS. }

CONGRESS, 22d DISTRICT.

HON. J. K. MOORHEAD

Having placed himself at the disposal of his friends, in response to their call made on him, His name is presented to them as a candidate for renomination for Congress for the 22d District, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap7:tc

CONGRESS

GENERAL JAS. S. NEGLEY

IS A CANDIDATE IN THE 22D DISTRICT.

mh9:1tmd

CONGRESS.—The friends of

HON. JOHN P. PENNEY

Will present his name to the Convention of the Union party, for nomination as a candidate for Congress in the 23d District. mh12:6wd

FOR SHERIFF,

SAMUEL B. CLULEY,

Subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. mh23:tc&d&wF

FOR SHERIFF,

CHARLES BARNES,

Late Colonel Sixth Reg. Pa. Heavy Artillery and Brev. Brig. Gen. U. S. A., subject to the action of the Union Convention. mh22:d&wF

FOR SHERIFF.

JOSEPH ROSS,

Of the First Ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. mh18:tc

FOR SHERIFF.

CEN. S. B. M. YOUNG,

Late Colonel Fourth Pennsylvania Cavalry. mh21:tc

FOR SHERIFF.

COL. JAMES M'K. SNODGRASS,

Of McKeesport, (late of the 9th Pa. Reserves,) will be a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the ensuing County Convention. mh30:tc

FOR ASSEMBLY,

JOHN A. DANKS,

Of Etna, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. my5:tc

FOR ASSEMBLY.

JOSIAH W. ELLS,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap3:tc

FOR ASSEMBLY.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY,

Will be a candidate for Assembly, subject to the action of the Republican Union Convention. ap2:tc

FOR ASSEMBLY.

SAMUEL CHADWICK,

Of Collins Township, will be a candidate for Assembly, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap23:tc

FOR ASSEMBLY,

MAJ. GEN. J. B. KIDDOO,

Formerly of the 62d and 127th Pa. Vols., and 6th and 22d U. S. Colored Troops, and wounded severely in front of Richmond, will be a candidate for Assembly before the Republican County Convention. ap17:tc

FOR ASSEMBLY.

THE FRIENDS OF

HON. GEORGE WILSON,

Of Pitt Township, will present his name as a candidate for Assembly, before the next Union Republican County Convention. ap2:tc

PITT TOWNSHIP.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

SAMUEL NEELY, SR.,

Of Manchester, (formerly of Sewickley township,) will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap5:tc

COUNTY COMMISSIONER,

GEORGE HAMILTON,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap5:tc

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

CHARLES PUGH,

Of Manchester, will be a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. mh22:d&wtc

FOR CLERK OF THE ORPHANS' COURT.

ALEXANDER HILANDS

Will be a candidate for Clerk of the Orphans' Court, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap2:tc

FOR CLERK OF THE ORPHANS' COURT.

JOHN M. LARIMER,

Of Chartiers township, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. my1:tc

FOR CLERK OF THE ORPHANS' COURT,

EB. WILLIAMS, JR.,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap5:tc

FOR CLERK OF THE ORPHANS' COURT,

HORACE S. SNOWDEN,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap.7:tc

CLERK OF THE COURTS.

JOHN G. BROWN,

Of Hampton Township, late Private Co. H, 102d Reg't Penn'a Vols. ap5:tc

FOR CLERK OF COURTS.

JOSEPH BROWNE,

Late of 102d Pennsylvania Volunteers and 5th Pennsylvania Artillery. Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. mh1:tc

FOR CLERK OF COURTS.

DR. WILLIAM J. GILMORE,

Of Upper St. Clair Township. mh23-4&wtcF

FOR REGISTER,

DAVID CORNELIUS,

Of Allegheny City, late Capt. 213th Pa. Vols., subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. my5:tc

FOR REGISTER,

JOHN SMALL,

Of Pittsburgh, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap2:tc

FOR REGISTER,

JOSEPH H. GRAY,

Of Penn Township, late of Co. K, 105th Pa. Reg., wounded and disabled at the battle of Fair Oaks, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ap9:tc

FOR REGISTER,

R. D. HUMER,

Of Tarentum Borough, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap9:tc

FOR RECORDER,

HENRY SNIVELY,

Of the Seventh Ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for the above office, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap3:tc

FOR RECORDER.

ABDIEL M'CLURE,

Of Mifflin Township, will be a candidate for Recorder, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap24:tc

FOR RECORDER.

J. B. COPELAND,

Of Elizabeth Township, will be a candidate for Recorder, subject to the decision of the next Union Republican County Convention. ap9:tc

HOTELS.

THE NEW

UNION DEPOT HOTEL,

Will be open for public accommodation on THURSDAY, MAY 3D.

RESTAURANT IN BASEMENT, open at ALL HOURS, day and night, Sundays excepted.

my1:1wd IRA A. CHURCH, Supt.

SUMMER RESTON HOUSE,

LONG BRANCH, NEW JERSEY.

This new and elegant hotel will be opened for the season on or about the 15th of June next. This hotel is particularly advanced for the comfort of families. Rooms can be secured for the season by application at the Astor House, New York, to J. R. & C. A. STETSON. On the 30th of April the stockholders meet at the Astor House to view the plans and locate their rooms. A few shares of stock remain unsold. Parties wishing to subscribe can do so by application to J. D. COMLEY, Treasurer, 253 Broadway, New York. my1:14tsod

VENETIAN BLINDS.

WM. G. WRIGHT,

MANUFACTURER OF

VENETIAN BLINDS,

No. 56 Federal St., Allegheny City.

☞ OLD BLINDS DONE UP EQUAL TO NEW.

ap2 eodlm

NOTICES.

NOTICE.—From and after Monday, May 7th next coming, SECOND STREET, East of the Second Street School House, will be closed to all vehicles trapping thereon during the time necessary for repairing the same, and in accordance with City Ordinance, chapter V., sections 12 and 13. JOHN FLINN,

my3:3td Street Commissioner.

NOTICE.—All persons interested are hereby notified that the undersigned Viewers, appointed to view and assess damages for the opening of DAVIS ALLEY, in the Second Ward, Allegheny, from Webster Street to Pasture Lane, will meet on the premises, on FRIDAY, MAY 11th, 1866, at 2 o'clock P. M., to fulfill the duties of their appointment. JOSEPH FLEMING.

ARTHUR HUSTON.

ap25:2wd THOMAS HOLL.

NOTICE.—The holders of Coupon Bonds issued by the Fourth Ward, Allegheny City, School Board, for the payment of bounties to volunteers, are hereby notified that they will be redeemed on presentation to the Treasurer, D. HENDRIE, Esq., at the Second National Bank of Allegheny. Interest will not be paid on them after May 4th, 1866. E. FRANCIS,

ap3:2wd President of the Board.

NOTICE.

The undersigned, Commissioners named in the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to Incorporate

THE PITTSBURGH GAS SAVINGS COMPANY,"

Approved the 12th day of April, A. D., 1866, will open Books and receive subscriptions to the Capital Stock of said Company at the office of the CASH INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 57 Fourth street, Pittsburgh,

ON THE 21ST DAY OF MAY, A. D., 1866,

At 10 o'clock A. M.

WILLIAM PHILLIPS,
JAMES O'CONNOR,
JNO. W. CHALFANT,
R. RIDDLE ROBERTS,
W. K. NIMICK,
THOMAS SMITH, } Commissioners.

an21:10md

COUNTY TREASURER'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, April 24, 1866.

IN PURSUANCE of the 21st Section of an Act relating to Allegheny County, approved the 1st day of May, 1861, and of the Amendment to said Section, approved the 20th day of March, 1866, I, DAVID AIKEN, Jr., Treasurer of said county, hereby give notice that the Duplicates of the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships will be open, and I will be prepared to receive the County, State, Poor and Work-House Taxes for 1866, on and after the FIRST DAY OF MAY, 1866. Said Taxes can be paid at the Treasurer's Office until the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST with a deduction of FIVE PER CENT. DISCOUNT for prompt payment to any person paying the whole amount of their taxes. There will be no deduction allowed on taxes paid during the month of August. There will be TEN PER CENT. ADDED to all taxes remaining unpaid on the first of September. ap5:30td

NOTICE—The undersigned, Commissioners named in the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to Incorporate the

ENTERPRISE INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH,"

Approved the 27th day of March, A. D., 1866, will open Books and receive subscriptions to the Capital Stock of said Company, on the

19th Day of May, A. D., 1866,

At 10 o'clock A. M., at the FOURTH NATIONAL BANK, in the City of Pittsburgh, Penna.

JAMES O'CONNOR,
WILLIAM PHILLIPS,
WILLIAM BAGALEY,
C. W. RICKETSON,
JAMES BERRILL,
R. RIDDLE ROBERTS, } Commissioners.

ap19:1md

TRADESMEN NATIONAL BANK PITTSBURGH, March 28th, 1866.

THE NOTES OF THE CRAWFORD COUNTY BANK, Meadville; OIL CITY BANK; OIL CREEK BANK, Titusville, and PETROLEUM BANK, Titusville, will not hereafter be redeemed by this Bank.

ap2:1m GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS, &c

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS!!

NEW DRY GOODS!

JUST OPENED AT

William Semple's,

180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY, above Market.

At 12½c., one case GOOD FAST COL'D PRINTS:
At 12½c., two bales UNBLEACHED MUSLINS:
At 12½c., GOOD BLEACHED & UNBLEACHED CRASH:
At 50c., one case FINE COLORED ALPACAS:
At 70c., two cases double width ALL WOOL DELAINES. Also,
CASSIMERES, CLOAKINGS, CLOTHS,
POIL DE CHEVERS, LINENS,
BERAGES, LAWNS, HATS, HOODS,
BONNETS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS,
VEILS, GLOVES, HOSIERY,
SKIRTS, SHAWLS, &c., &c.

A very complete stock just opened, and to which the attention of Wholesale and Retail Buyers is respectfully invited, at

William Semple's,

180 and 182 Federal Street,

Above the Diamond, Allegheny City.

my5:3td

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

No. 25 Fifth Street,

Invite the attention of buyers to their large stock of

NEW DRESS GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED.

my5

NEW SPRING GOODS

AT

W. W. MOORHEAD'S,

No. 81 Market Street.

RICH EMBROIDERIES;
NEW VALENCIA LACE TRIMMED NETS;
POINTED AND VALENCIA LACE HDKFS.;
CLUNET LACE COLLARS;
PLAIN AND EMBROID'D SHIRT FRONTS;
NEW BOULEVARD HOOP SKIRTS;
CORSETS—Plain, Satin and Embroidered, at

81 Market street.

ap4

BOOKS, STATIONERY, &c.

SOMETHING NEW.

GRISWOLD'S PATENT

Erasable Tablets,

Memorandums, Slates, &

ERASABLE TABLETS—all sizes.	
do DIARY SLIPS, do	
do MEMORANDUMS—all sizes.	
do FOLIO TABLETS. do	
do LEAF do do	
do SCHOOL do do	

For sale by

JOHN P. HUNT & CO.,

59 Fifth St., Masonic Hall.

my3

A THRILLING BOOK.

Political Economy of Prophecy,

With special reference to its relation to the History of the Church and the Civil, Military and Ecclesiastical History of the Roman Empire, and of its last Emperors, the Three Napoleons, with an Appendix on the Pope's last Encyclical, and the Firman of the Sultan of Turkey, prophetically and historically demonstrated. Illustrated by Portraits of the Napoleonic Family in Chair of the course of Empire; Maps of the Holy Land, &c. By the Rev. R. C. Schimeall. For sale by J. L. READ,

my1 No. 75 Fourth street.

FISHING TACKLE.

MAY IS ON HAND.

FISHING

WILL BE THE SPORT OF THE SEASON.

Fishing Hooks and Tackles,

CANE POLES,

Files, Reels, Lines and Baits,

AT

JAMES BOWN'S,

my4:W&S 136 WOOD STREET.

REMOVAL.

REMOVAL.

A. M. BROWN,

Attorney at Law,

Has removed his Office to

No. 114 Fifth Street.

my4:1wd

LIME.

EASTERN WHITE LIME.

The undersigned is receiving daily SUPERIOR

WHITE LIME

By the car load. Glass manufacturers and others supplied by the wagon load or barrel at the Lowest Rates. D. M. BOWMAN,

my3:3td Coal Yard, 550 Liberty street.

ATTORNEYS.

R. RIDDLE ROBERTS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office, No. 75 Grant Street,

my4:1wd PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

WANTED.

WANTED—Good Agents to Sell SHERMAN AND HIS CAMPAIGNS, GRANT AND HIS CAMPAIGNS, (the latter just out) CHILD'S PRAYER, FIRST LESSON, Match pictures, and THE AMERICAN INVENTORS. These are all new Books and Engravings, and agents can do better with them than with any other offered to the public

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 5, 1866.

ADVERTISING RATES

Established by the Press of Pittsburgh

STANDING MATTER.

One Square of Ten Lines, Eight Words to the Line, or 3-4 Inch Space.

TIME.	Daily.	1 w. & 2 w.	2 w. & 1 w.	1 w. & 1 w.
One time	75			
Two times	1 25			
Three times	1 75			
Four times	2 20			
Five times	2 60			
Six times, one week	3 00	2 00	1 90	1 00
Seven times	3 40			
Eight times	3 75			
Nine times	4 10			
Ten times	4 50			
Eleven times	4 75			
Twelve times, 2 weeks	5 00	3 25	2 50	1 75
Three weeks	7 00	5 00	4 50	2 50
One month	9 00	6 00	4 50	3 00
Two months	15 00	10 00	7 50	5 00
Three months	18 00	13 00	10 00	6 00
Six months	33 00	22 00	16 50	11 00
One year	54 00	36 00	27 00	18 00

CHANGEABLE ONCE A WEEK.

One month	11 00	7 00	5 50	4 00
Two months	17 00	11 00	8 50	6 75
Three months	24 00	16 00	12 00	8 00
Six months	42 00	28 00	21 00	14 00
One year	75 00	48 00	36 00	24 00

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

Anniversary Week in New York, during which many of the leading benevolent and charitable institutions of the country hold their annual meetings, is a season of more than ordinary interest to the religious and moral portion of the public. The 50th anniversary—Jubilee Year—of the American Bible Society takes place Thursday, 10th inst., at the Academy of Music. Addresses from Rev. Dr. Anderson, of the American Board; Rev. Bishop Janes, D. D.; Major General O. O. Howard; Hon. Robert C. Winthrop, of Boston, (invited and expected); Rev. Thomas Phillips and Rev. Thos. Nolan, delegates from England; Rev. Dr. Ormistin, of Hamilton, and Dr. L. Taylor, delegates from Canada; and Rev. Isaac G. Bliss, the Society's agent in the Levant. American and Foreign Christian Union, Tuesday 8th. Addresses by Drs. Storrs, Schaff, Sunderland, and others. Sermon previous Sabbath by Rev. Dr. Crosby. Anniversary of the American Seamen's Friend Society. Monday 9th, Speakers, Rev. W. H. Murray, of Greenwich, Ct., Rev. J. N. Andrews, seamen's chaplain at Wilmington, N. C., and Rev. A. E. Kithredge, of New York. Annual Sermon by Rev. N. G. Curton, of Hartford, Ct., Sunday 6th. The American Anti-Slavery Society holds its annual meeting Tuesday, 8th. Wendell Phillips, Lucretia Mott, C. L. Remond, Rev. J. T. Sargent, Rev. O. B. Frothingham, Parker Pillsbury, and others, will speak. American Tract Society (Boston) at Irving Hall Tuesday 8th. Addresses by Gen. O. O. Howard and others. American Tract Society (New York) at Reformed Dutch church, Fifth Avenue, Wednesday, 9th. National Temperance Society same day. Speakers, Rev. H. W. Beecher and Gen. O. O. Howard.

—Liberal journals, as they are called, contain views liberal of the truth as well as other things. One of these "broad-gauge" journals discourses thus: "When Jesus started upon his mission he had little to say of the dangers and doom that await impenitence here and hereafter. He knew nothing of the modern revival method which, with a lever of selfish fears rested upon the death-bed for a fulcrum, tries to lift souls out of a sinful state and swing them round the awful chasm of perdition to a place of safety in the bosom of the church. He had not learned the rallying cry of Orthodoxy, "Repent, for hell is at hand." But with an inspired perception of the grandest truth he appealed to man to "Repent, for the kingdom of heaven is at hand." It would seem in the chapters fourth to thirteenth in the first Gospel, he soon learned the "rallying cry of Orthodoxy," as there are no less, says the *Intelligencer*, than ten distinct references to future perdition in the strongest terms: The furnace of fire, gnashing of teeth, soul and body destroyed in hell, the whole body cast into hell, etc. Accompanying the cheerful promise, "He that believeth shall be saved," is the dread alternative. "He that believeth not shall be damned."

—The Semi-Centenary of the African M. E. Church falls upon the present year. The initiary services took place last month. Various objects have been named for benevolent contributions, and prominent among them is the Book Concern located in Philadelphia. Property has been purchased on Pine street for the purpose, and the building is being fitted up for speedy occupancy. The following statistics recently published, rather understate the present condition of this branch of Methodism: Churches, 286; travelling ministers, 185; Annual Conferences, 10; Sunday School teachers and scholars, 21,000: Volumes in Libraries, 17,818; church members, 50,000; value of church property, $825,000; total amount received for all purposes, about $100,000.

—The remains of Philip Embury, the earliest American minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, were removed from Ashgrove Cemetery to the new Woodland Cemetery near by, in Cambridge, Washington county, New York, thirty-one miles north-east of Albany. Two hundred ministers walked in the procession. Although ninety years had passed, the skeleton, once animated with a crusader's zeal, was in a good state of preservation. Bishop Janes spoke for half an hour.

—It is reported of Dr. Barnes, the distinguished Presbyterian minister of Philadelphia, that in a conversation with Rev. Dr. Fish, Baptist, of Newark, he said: "I confess to you that, logically, you are right on the communion question; but I think you are not right upon the baptismal question. There is a difference between you and me, and the difference is there."

—The General Conference of the M. E. Church, South, in session at New Orleans, La., we learn by a telegram, have just elected four new bishops, namely: Wightman, of Georgia; McTyeire, of Louisiana; Doggett, of Virginia; and Marvin, of Missouri.

—According to an article in *Harper's Magazine*, Sam Houston, the noted Texan, who died June 1863, died as he had lived a number of years a Calvanist Baptist in full faith and fellowship with his church. His last days were given to prayers for his distressed family and country, and in spiritual preparation while yet on the narrow strip of land which separates man from eternity.

—A convention has been called of ministers and elders of the United Presbyterian Church, to meet in this city the fourth week in May, for conference and prayer. The subject of the conference will be: "The present demand upon the U. P. Church, and how they may be met."

—The wealthy admirers of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, in New York city, offer to build a tabernacle and parsonage for him if he will leave Brooklyn and come to that city, at a cost of $180,000.

—The General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, in North America, will meet in the Xenia, Ohio, on the 16th of May. Opening sermon by the retiring Moderator, Rev. David Herron.

—There are *six* churches now existing in Boston, that were founded in the seventeenth cenutry.

—Spurgeon replies to the charge that he was aiming to form a new sect, thus: "There is no word in the world so hateful to our heart as that word Spurgeonism, and no thought further from our soul than that of forming a new sect."

—The twenty thousand dollars, raised in Louisville, Baltimore and other places, for the support of Southern ministers, has relieved about one hundred and forty ministers' families, in sums of $50 to $300.

—Judge Scott charged the grand jury of Kings county, New York, week before last that the disposal of goods by chance at church fairs was in violation of law and ought to be so treated. Good.

—**The American Baptist Home Missionary Society makes an appeal to the women of that denomination for $100,000, to aid** by a special effort the great and pressing work which Providence has imposed upon them among the freedmen of the South.

—Arrangements have been made by the Christian Union Association for the celebration of the Lord's Supper in New York during the Anniversary week.

—The two General Assemblies of the Presbyterian Church meet in the city of St. Louis, Mo., May 17th.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **AYER'S PILLS—Are you Sick,** feeble and complaining? Are you out of order with the slightest symptoms of indisposition or uncomfortable? These symptoms are often the precursors of a serious illness. Some ill of sickness is creeping upon you, and should be averted by a timely use of the right remedy. Take Ayer's Pills, and cleanse out the disordered humors—purify the blood, and let the fluids move on unobstructed in health again. They stimulate the functions of the body into vigorous activity, purify the system from the obstructions which make disease. A cold settles somewhere in the body, and deranges its natural functions. These, if not relieved, react upon themselves and the surrounding organs, producing general aggravation, suffering and derangement. While in this condition, take Ayer's Pills, and see how directly they restore the natural action of the system, and with it the buoyant feeling of health again. What is true and so apparent in this trivial and common complaint is also true in many of the deep seated and dangerous distempers. The same purgative effect expels them. Caused by similar obstructions and derangement of the natural functions of the body, they are rapidly and many of them surely cured by the same means. None who know the virtues of these Pills will neglect to employ them when suffering from the disorders they cure, such as Headache, Foul Stomach, Dysentery, Bilious Complaints, Indigestion, Derangements of the Liver, Costiveness, Constipation, Heartburn, Rheumatism, Worms and Suppression, when taken in large doses.

They are Sugar Coated, so that the most sensitive can take them easily, and they are surely the best purgative medicine yet discovered.

AYER'S AGUE CURE,

For the speedy cure of *Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague, Remittent Fever, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical Headache or Bilious Headache, and Bilious Fever*, and indeed the whole *class of diseases originating in biliary derangement, caused by the Miasma of autumnal countries.*

This remedy is fully equal to cure the severest cases of Chills and Fever, and it has this great advantage over Quinine or Ague medicines, that it subdues the complaint without reducing by the patient. It contains no quinine or other deleterious substance, nor does it produce quinism or any injurious effect whatever. Shaking brothers of the army and the west, try it and you will endorse these assertions.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., and sold by E. A. FAHNESTOCK & SON & CO., and by all Druggists. mh16.3md&wF

☞ **RETROUVEY'S TURKISH ANDOLENIAN HAIR TONIC.**

THE DRESSING OF THE HONOREH OF THE AGE TURKISH BANDOLENIAN.

RETROUVEY'S TURKISH BANDOLENIAN. What can be more acceptable than anything that will beautify? that will restore nature's decay by stopping the hair from falling, restoring its natural color, making it to grow in luxuriance and beauty, assist in putting it up according to the present style and fashion and keep it in order, all the functions of *Turkish Bandolenian Hair Tonic* will do, and for proof we refer you to any person who has purchased it. It is acknowledged to be the beautifier of the age, the only Hair Tonic and Restorer worthy of the name. In Turkey, in France, in England, in America—everywhere where the "Bandolenian" is known—it is pronounced the *ne plus ultra* of Hair Preparations. Remember, it is free from all metallic poisons that are combined in most Hair Colors and dressings. It is the extract of Nature's best herbs, beautifully put up, an ornament to the toilet.

For sale by all Druggists and Perfumers, wholesale, by HALL, RUCKEL & CO.

B. L. FARNESTOCK & CO.

Principa Depot for United States and Canadas, JAMES E. GALLUP & CO.,

No. 29 Market street,

de16.3mcod&wT Philadelphia.

LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MILL AND SMELTING WORKS

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.

Manufacturers of SHEATHING, BRAZIERS' AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, BEASED PIPE, INGOT METAL, SPELTER, SOLDER. Also, importers and dealers in METALS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, WIRE, &c. Constantly on hand, TINNERS' MACHINES and TOOLS. Warehouse, No. 145 FIRST and 120 SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh. Special orders of Copper cut to any desired patterns. may3-lyd&wF

☞ **PITTSBURGH SAW WORKS.**

HUBBARD, BRO. & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT GROUND CIRCULARS,

Warranted CAST STEEL SAWS, of every description. Mill, Miley, Cross-Cut, Gang, and all other varieties.

All kinds of KNIVES and SPRINGS, made from Sheet Cast-steel; Extra Refined REAPER AND MOWING KNIVES, &c.

☞ Warehouse and Works, corner WATER and SHORT STREETS, Pittsburgh.

Particular attention paid to re-toothing, gumming and straightening Circular Saws; also, repairs of all kinds. Punching and Drilling done at reasonable rates. ap25-lyd

☞ **WM. BARNHILL & CO.**

Boiler Makers & Sheet Iron Workers.

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn street.

Having secured a large yard, and furnished it with the most improved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS, in the best manner, at reasonable rates, and warranted to give satisfaction. CHIMNEYS, BREECHING, FIRE BEDS, STEAM PIPES, LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, CUSTOM WORK, OIL STILLS, OIL AGITATORS, REFINING PANS, BOILER IRON, BRIDGES, BOAT BEAMS, and all manufactures of BARRICA IRON. REPAIRING promptly done on the shortest notice. ap24-1y

☞ **ROBINSON, REA & CO., (Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER,**

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Foundery and Machine Shop, Pittsburgh.

Manufacturers of BOAT AND STATIONERY STEAM ENGINES, BLAST FURNACE, MILL MACHINERY, GEARING, CASTINGS of all descriptions, OIL TANKS and STILLS, BOILER AND SHEET IRON WORK.

Agents for BUFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR, for feeding boilers.

☞ **JOHN COCHRAN & BRO.,**

Manufacturers of IRON VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS, IRON SHUTTERS, WINDOW SHUTTERS, WINDOW GUARDS, &c., Nos. 91 SECOND and 88 THIRD STREET, between Wood and Market, have on hand a variety of new patterns, fancy and plain, suitable for all purposes.

☞ Particular attention paid to enclosing Grave Lots. Jobbing done. ap25

☞ **TO MARRIED SUFFERERS,**

OF BOTH SEXES.—A reverend gentleman, having been restored to health in a few days, after undergoing the usual routine and irregular expensive mode of treatment without success, considers it his sacred duty to communicate to his afflicted fellow-sufferers the means employed. Address, in confidence, by return of an addressed envelope, he will send, *free*, a copy of the prescription used.

Direct to Dr. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 186 Fulton street, N. Y. ap25-lyd&wT

☞ **SENT FREE.—A Pamphlet** of immense importance to the old and young, married and single, of both sexes, will be sent free by addressing, with stamp enclosed, the Agents, A. KEMBLE & CO., Box 78, Boston P. O. Office. my2-lyd&w

☞ **THE BRIDAL CHAMBER;** OR, AN ESSAY OF WARNING AND INSTRUCTION FOR YOUNG MEN. Also, new and valuable treatment on Nervousness, Premature Decay, Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. my2-1y

SEWING MACHINES.

LOCK-STITCH

SEWING MACHINES,

For Families and Manufacturers.

After twelve years trial, it has been demonstrated that the LOCK-STITCH is the only stitch suitable for every variety of Sewing.

CALL AND EXAMINE AT

THE WHEELER & WILSON SALESROOM,

No. 27 Fifth Street.

WM. SUMNER & CO.

ap11

SHAW & CLARK'S

IMPROVED SEWING MACHINES.

40 Machines

SOLD IN TWO DAYS.

Are manufactured without any complicated machinery, and therefore are not liable to get out of repair, and are perfectly adapted for the use of families of family sewing in general. Orders will be taken for Machines with the new improvements, and have taken of Patentee prices.

All kinds of MACHINE STITC', BIND, EMBROIDER, QUILT, Licensed ' Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, ' d Bachelder.

All of our Machines are warranted five years.

AGENTS WANTED.

E. S. LONG, Agent,

ap29-2mdeod 89 Diamond alley, Pittsburgh, Pa.

$25 **BARTLETT** $25

SEWING MACHINE.

Licensed under patents of Elias Howe, Jr., Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, and Singer Co.'s, and the only Cheap Machine in the United States, having the right to use the Wheeler & Wilson or *four* motion Under-feed.

Agents wanted. Agents can make from $50 to $200 per month, or more, by Machine Combination. Will send Machines, to be paid for when sold. For Circulars, terms, &c., enclose stamp, and address

BARTLETT & BROTHERS, GENERAL AGENTS,

At either of our Offices, Philadelphia, Pa., Toledo, Ohio, or St. Louis, Mo.

Sews with double or single thread.—*Scientific American.* mh28-1md2mwF

PORK PACKERS.

JAMES LIPPINCOTT,

Pork Packer,

Dealer in S. C. HAMS, BACON, BARREL PORK, DRIED BEEF, LARD, LARD OIL, GREASE, TALLOW, &c., No. 52 SMITHFIELD STREET, above Fifth, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap25-1y

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.

MANAGER.....W. H. LEAK

IMMENSE SUCCESS—GREATEST OF ALL TRIUMPHS.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON AND EVENING,

MISS LOTTA.

And the new Gorgeous Spectacle, the

SEVEN DAUGHTERS OF SATAN.

Tartarina, with songs, hornpipe, banjo solos Irish dances, &c., &c.....MISS LOTTA.

The most magnificent Scenery ever produced. The SILVER LAKE AND SHOWER OF GOLD.

New Scenery, Costumes and Mechanical Effects.

During the piece the "Lotta Polka," specially composed and respectfully dedicated to Miss LOTTA, by J. E. Hortel.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

MANAGERESS....MRS. ETTIE HENDERSON.

SIXTH GRAND OPERA NIGHT!

First time of the magnificent Opera, with its great cast, of

A NIGHT IN GRANADA,

BY CONRADIR KREUTZER.

Prince Regent.....Wilhelm Formes.
Gabriele.....Mad. Joh. Rotter.
Gomez.....Theodore Habelmann.
Vasco.....Josef Weinlich.
Ambrosio.....Alphons Urchs.
Pedro.....Otto Lehmann.
Officer.....Chas. Viereck.

MONDAY, MAGIC FLUTE.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.

LESSEE AND MANAGER....WM. HENDERSON.

Brilliant engagement of the Young American Actor,

EDWIN ADAMS,

Who will appear for the first time here as RURIC NEVEL.

THIS (Saturday) EVENING, will be presented the great 3 act Drama of the

GUN MAKER OF MOSCOW.

Ruric Nevel.....Edwin Adams.

To conclude with the 4 act sensation Drama of

CAPTAIN KYD;

OR THE WITCH OF HURLGATE.

MONDAY, BENEFIT OF Mr. H. A. WENTWORTH.

TUESDAY, YANKEE LOCKE.

THAYER, NOYES & CO.'S

GRAND COMBINATION

CIRCUS.

THE GREAT MASTODON OF 1866,

Embodying the enormous cavalcade of

100 *MEN AND* 150 *HORSES,*

Together with a grand comprehensive troupe of

Performing Monkeys, Apes, Baboons, Animals, Dogs, Ponies, &c.,

Collected from the four quarters of the globe, will exhibit at the

RED LION LOT, PITTSBURGH,

On Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

MAY 7TH, 8TH, 9TH, 10TH, 11TH AND 12TH.

Admission.....50 cents
Children under 12 years.....25 cents

Doors open at 1 and 7 o'clock p. m. Commence half an hour after opening. Seats for everybody. No standing room.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

The entire performances of the Great Circus, from the introductory pageant to the final of the Mule Extravaganza, will be produced with a degree of artistic finish and in a style of magnificence unparalleled in any age or clime. The varied acts will embrace an originality of conception and completeness of execution sufficient to establish the great and obvious superiority of the Mammoth Combination. The entertainments will be essentially different in style and effect from the ordinary arenic amusements, and will be given by a grand troupe of European and American artistes, the most distinguished in the world, who are singularly gifted with rare talents and matchless grace. The capacity for attractive features is vastly super-emulated, and greater than ever before available in this country; and they will be presented with the wild splendors of decorated apparel and ornamented paraphernalia, in extravagantly magnificent, aided by the important characteristics of superb music and brilliant effects. The classic scenes will afford instruction with amusement, and entirely faultless in style, and incomparable in purity and excellence.

ESPECIAL NOTICE.

Family parties of ladies and children visiting the Circus will have prompt attention shown them by polite ushers, specially assigned to promote the comfort of families who are unable to attend the exhibition with an escort. my1-3d&2t-7s

MASONIC HALL,

FOR FOUR NIGHTS ONLY,

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,

May 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th.

The Great Consolidated

SAM SHARPLEY'S MINSTRELS

AND

Tony Partor's Consolidation,

UNITED IN ONE GRAND ENTERTAINMENT.

25 ARTISTS

Of celebrity, under the direction of the Famous Wit and Humorist,

SAM SHARPLEY.

Who will positively appear at each performance. Admission, 25 cents. Reserved Seats, 50 cents. Tick is for sale at PITTOCK'S NEWS ROOMS, opposite the Post Office.

ap30-6d J. W. ALLISON, Agent.

BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

LADIES', GENTS'

AND

CHILDREN'S

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters,

BALMORALS,

Slippers, &c.,

AT

McCLELLAND'S

AUCTION EMPORIUM

Nos. 55 and 57

Fifth Street,

PRIVATE SALES DAY AND EVENING. ap24

NEW GOODS.

A SPLENDID STOCK

OF

Ladies', Gent's, Misses', and Children's

BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS,

OF ALL THE LATEST STYLES,

JUST OPENED AT

J. A. ROBINSON & CO.'S,

61 Market Street.

ap13

BOOTS AND SHOES.

JAMES ROBB,

No. 89 Market Street, near 5th

Second large purchase of BOOTS AND SHOES this Spring. We keep on hand a full assortment of every variety of Boots and Shoes, selected with the utmost care for this market. We invite special attention to our stock, as we believe it to be the best in the city, which we will sell at the lowest prices. Please call at No. 89 Market street. Having had over thirty years experience in the business, you cannot fail to be suited. Remember the place, No. 89 Market street. (ap16) JAMES ROBB.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

J. W. CARNAHAN & CO.,

No. 88 Market Street,

Have now on hand an extensive assortment of LADIES', MISSES', BOYS' and CHILDREN'S

Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Balmorals,

&c., &c., &c.,

Which they can and do sell as cheap as any other house in the city.

Call and examine, at No. 83 Market street. ap21

CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST.

EVERYBODY GOING

TO 92 FEDERAL STREET

TO GET

Boots, Shoes and Gaiters.

BEST ASSORTMENT IN THE CITY.

Lowest Prices.

EVERY PAIR WARRANTED

AT McCLINTOCK'S

my1 92 Federal street, Allegheny.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

No. 24 St. Clair Street.

A large and well selected stock of LADIES', GENTS' and CHILDRENS' GAITERS, BALMORALS, etc., which will be sold at the LOWEST PRICES. (ap2-6meod) JOHN ANDERSON.

DENTISTRY

JOSEPH ADAMS, Dentist, Connelly's Building, corner of DIAMOND and GRANT streets, up stairs, entrance No. 3 Grant st. Dr. Adams's Specialties are Mineral Based Upon Physiological Principles, Mechanical Dentistry, Filling and Extracting. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. ap24-1y

FOR SALE—FOR RENT.

FOR SALE,

A SMALL FARM of 30 acres, situate in Baldwin township, Allegheny county, Pa., 5½ miles from the city, on the Brownsville road. The improvements are a large two-story Frame House, with 10 rooms, double parlor, wide hall running through the house; water out at the door; a Bank Barn, 50 by 70 feet, and other out-buildings; a garden of excellent soil, containing one-half acre, planted with all kinds of dwarf fruit and vines; fruit of every kind; about 700 or 800 trees of best quality of grafted fruit. The soil of the whole farm is good. The very best of fencing; a beautiful lawn in front, planted with shrubbery and trees. For a country residence, it is not surpassed, and for a profitable investment, there is no question.

Also, the best Farm in Elizabeth township, containing about 90 acres, lying on the Monongahela river, immediately below Lock No. 3, on which is erected a large two-story Brick Dwelling House, one log and one Frame Bank Barn, corn-crib, wagon shed, brick spring house, granary, work shop, &c. About 30 acres of the above is first quality river bottom; the balance being limestone land, well underlaid with coal, and about 20 acres of limestone. About 30 acres of apple trees, in a good bearing condition; peach, pear, plum trees and grape vines, &c. The land is well adapted for gardening purposes, being a short distance from the thriving borough of Elizabeth, creating a market at home for all the products. This property will be sold cheap and on good terms.

Also, a Farm of 117 acres, situate in FaRowldtd township, Washington county, Pa., about 6 miles from the town of Beatieysville. The improvements are, first, a two story frame house with five rooms; second, a two-and-a-half story log house; third, a No. 1 new barn, 60 by 80 feet; a good spring house, three large orchards of different fruit, apple, peach, pear, plum, quince, &c., about 70 acres cleared; the remainder in good timber. The land is level and of the very best quality, and will be sold at a reduced price.

Also, a Farm of about 120 acres, in Fairfield township, Westmoreland Co., Pa., about 30 miles from Pittsburgh. The improvements are a hewed log house, with kitchen attached, a log barn and a tenant house; a good apple orchard, peaches and cherries; about 80 acres cleared, the remainder in the very best white oak timber. The land is good. The location is very healthy. This property will be sold very cheap, if applied for immediately.

Also, 44 gold prices, a Farm of about 142 acres in Fallowfield township, Washington Co., Pa., about one mile west of Lock No. 4, on the Monongahela river. The improvements are a two-story log and frame house, a frame barn, wagon shed and other out-buildings; fencing generally good; a young orchard of choice fruit trees; the soil of the best of all of the best quality, and a vein of the best limestone; convenient to churches, schools, mills, &c. This property I am authorized to sell very cheap.

Also, a farm of about 200 acres, situated in West Wheatland Township, Indiana county, Penna. The improvements are a good, comfortable, two-story Frame House, with 8 rooms, a large frame barn, carriage house, corn-crib, wash house, ice house and a two-story stone spring house; about 150 acres cleared and in timothy and clover; a good orchard of apple, peach, pear and quince trees, &c. Water is generally good. The land is of a good quality, abundance of limestone is about three miles distance from coal. This property will be sold very cheap.

Also, a Farm of about 240 acres adjoining the above. The land is of the best quality. There are a large House and a large frame barn; 175 acres cleared and under a good state of cultivation; a small apple orchard; a large two-story milk house; about 70 acres fenced would make a first-rate Stock Farm, or will be sold separately.

Also, the best farm in Fairmeio township, Westmoreland county, Pa., containing 80 acres; about 6 miles south of the Allegheny Railroad. The improvements are two large hewed log houses; one of the largest and best frame barns in the township; two apple orchards. The whole farm is under a high state of cultivation. The fencing is all No. 1. The land is of the very best limestone; about 70 acres cleared, the balance in good timber. Possession on the first day of April, 1866. This property will be sold at a great bargain. Call and engage it.

Also, a Farm of 150 acres, situate in McCandless township, Allegheny county, Pa., about 8 miles from the city. The improvements are a Log House, a good barn, spring, orchard of apple, peach and pear. I will sell this valuable property very cheap and on easy terms.

For further particulars, inquire of

G. H. TOWER, Real Estate Agent, No. 104 Fourth street.

LOTS FOR SALE

IN PITT TOWNSHIP

AT FROM $60 TO $600.

Esquire of

McMASTER, GAZZAM & CO.,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, my2 98 Grant street, Pittsburgh.

A HANDSOME COUNTRY HOME

FOR SALE, situate 2½ miles from the city, and within ten minutes' walk of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad, commanding a splendid view of the city, river and surrounding country. It comprises about 3 acres of ground, highly cultivated and laid out in the choicest fruit, shade and underlaid with coal, and about 20 acres of limestone. About 30 varieties of apple trees, in a good bearing condition; peach, pear, plum trees and grape vines, &c. The land is well adapted for gardening purposes, being a short distance from the thriving borough of Elizabeth, creating a market at home for all the products. This property will be sold cheap and on good terms.

Also, a Farm of 117 acres, situate in FaRowfield

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 5, 1866.

ROBINSON, McCLEAN & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

No. 75 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh,

Dealers in all kinds of Government Securities, Gold and Silver, Uncurrent Bank Notes, Foreign and Domestic Exchange, etc., etc., etc.

Deposits received in Par Funds and Currency. Interest allowed on time deposits. Collections made in all parts of the United States on most favorable terms.

Orders executed with dpatch for everything in the business at the Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and Pittsburgh Brokers' Boards strictly on commission.

Draw on H. CLEWS & CO., New York, J. COOKE & CO., Philadelphia; Messrs. C. D. & T. H. PERKINS, Boston.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FRIDAY, May 4, 1865.

A Washington correspondent, of the Titusville *Herald*, Mr. Geo. M. Mowbray, writes under date of April 30, that the Committee on Ways and Means have agreed in recommending the immediate repeal of the tax on crude petrolum. It now remains with the House of Representatives, who have hitherto endorsed almost every action of the Ways and Means Committee.

—The Titusville *Herald* continues to growl most bitterly at "tank car institutions" and "Pittsburgh speculators," alleging that their is a deep laid scheme to deprive the "legitimate shippers" of the business, and place it in the hands of a few monopolies. In its issue of Thursday, we find the following:

"The new style of tank car now building with 90 barrels capacity to the car load is a splendid idea, if it were designed to give the legitimate operators in oil the advantages possessed by a reduction of freight, but such is not the case. The railroad and transportation lines intend reaping all the advantages of this new means of transportation. Any of their officials can buy and sell oil saving the freight on 30 barrels for each car load, but legitimate operators are excluded from the privilege.

"This state of affairs, however, will not last long, as arrangements are being made which will completely and effectually overthrow the calculations of these monopolies, and enable our shippers to deliver oil in New York and Philadelphia at a figure which will open the eyes both of the tank-car institutions and the Pittsburgh speculators.

"The rapid revolutions which are constantly taking place in the facilities for moving oil makes it necessary for operators to be on the alert. The pipe companies took the lead by knocking the teamsters out of existence; then came the combination of Pittsburghers to drive all the oil by the southern route; now we have the stupendous tank-car monopoly, and before long, they, together with one or two railroads will receive a a death blow, so far as speculating in oil is concerned.

"The next improvement will be of great benefit to Titusville, and enable our shippers to compete with any operators at present in the field.

"Oil at the wells is very scarce, there is absolutely none offered. The Pittsburgh buyers having taken all the oil on hand, the producers will be pretty apt to hold on to what is being daily produced as long as they can, in expectation of a rise.

"The Pittsburgh market must by this time be over supplied, and as navigation is nearly closed very little will be shipped in that direction. The hopeful news from Washington of the probable speedy removal of the tax is exerting a very beneficial influence on parties who were about to abandon their wells and do not pay expenses, and they are holding on in the hope that within a very short time when the tax is removed they will be able to make them pay."

—At present there are about four hundred and sixty oil companies in existence in Philadelphia—at least on paper. Of this number the companies having any real *status* in the market is ludicrously small. We should say that the stock of only about fifteen of the entire catalogue has any value whatever, of the remaining four hundred and forty-five companies we can say nothing promising, for they are so utterly worthless that their stock cannot be disposed of at any price at the stock board. The nominal capital invested in oil companies is about $10,000,000. The amount which has been *paid* is fully $10,000,000!

—Much interest in financial circles (says the Philadelphia *Press*) as to the new measure, which it is understood will be brought before Congress in a day or two, to provide for a consolidated five per cent loan. As the bill is not yet properly up for discussion, there can be very little said in reference to it. It is understood, however, that while there is reason to believe the loan will be an exceedingly popular one with all classes of the people, and especially the holders of the various issues of Government bonds, who will eagerly fund them into one uniform, safe and reliable thirty year loan, such as it is proposed now to offer.

—A great many persons are at a loss to know how to dispose of ragged and mutilated currency that accumulates on their hands. It is the easiest thing in the world, and without any expense. When you get three dollars worth on hand put it in a small package, pin a paper band around it with your name, post office address and amount; then put it in an envelope and address it to the "Treasury of the United States, Washington, D. C." In a few days you will receive new currency in return. It goes and returns free of postage.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, May 4.—Cotton a shade firmer, at 34@34¼c for middling, chiefly at 33c. Flour 10@25c better with inquiry demand, in the main, at $5.50@8.70 for extra State, $8.50@9 for extra round hoop Ohio, and $9.50@12.50 for trade brands, closing firm. Whisky dull at $2.26@2.28. Wheat 1@2c lower, with a fair demand at $1.50 for inferior old Chicago spring; $1.71 for common Milwaukee club; $1.76@1.78 for new No. 1 Milwaukee; at the close, $1.80 for good Chicago; 2@2.30 for common to fair new Amber Michigan; $2.50@2.52 for old do. Rye firm, at 78c for western and 80c for State. Barley quiet. Barley malt dull. Corn 1@2c better with more demand, at 78@81c for unsound, and 82@83c for sound mixed western in store and delivered. Oats 1@2c better, at 60@63c for new western, and 57@59c for old do. Coffee steady; st. Domingo, 12¾c in bond. Sugar quiet, at 10¾c@11c for Cubas; Porto Rico, 12¾@13¼c; Havana 13½c. Molasses quiet at 65@66c for Cubas, and 70@75c for Porto Rico. Petroleum dull at 29½@30c for Crude, and 42@43c for Refined in Bond. Pork firmer at $28.62½@28.75, for New Mess, closing at $29.12½ cash, $25.00@25.50 for Old do, and $24.50@25.00 for Prime; also 6,750 barrels New Mess, for June and July, sellers' and buyers' option, at $29.62½@30. Beef steady at previous prices. Beef hams firm at 41@43c. Cut Meats firm at 11¾@12½c for Shoulders, and 16½@17½c for Hams. Bacon quiet at 14½c for Cumberland Cuts, and 15½c for Short Ribbed. Lard firmer at 18@21¼c. Butter quiet and heavy, at 40@50c for Ohio, and 42@56c for State. Cheese dull and heavy, at 16@16½c for Ohio, and 15½@16c for State. Money easy at 4@6 per cent. Sterling quiet at 109½@109¾.

Chicago Cattle Market.

CHICAGO, May 3—The receipts of Beef Cattle to-day are 130 cars. Entered sales 1565 head, at prices ranging from $5.25@5.70 for common cows; $5.50@5.75 for medium stock steers, and from $5.75@7.40 for good to choice grades.

The market is moderately active and steady at about yesterday's range of prices. At the opening seller's demanded an advance of 10@15c per 100 lbs, but as the sales show they were unable to realize it.

Several purchasers from Pittsburgh and other places are still in the yards, and when sellers concede to their views a considerable business will no doubt be transacted. Sales of Beef Cattle to-day include the following to Pittsburghers:

Huckins to Kahn 34 medium steers, averaging 1133 lbs, at $6.15.

Mitchell & Adams to Kahn 32 head medium steers, averaging 1143 lbs, at $6.45.

Strahorn & Co. to Dowd 36 light steers, averaging 1050 lbs, at $5.

Wallworth & Mallory to Dowd, 35 good good steers, averaging 1160 lbs, at $5.15; to Rothschilds, 34 fair steers, averaging 1114 lbs at $6.20.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, May 4.—The dry goods market to-day is steady and goods are very firm. It is hoped western jobbers will not repeat what they did some time since, viz., undersell New York houses in many leading styles of prints and bleached and brown goods, and cause a breach in the market. Sheetings and Shirtings, brown—Atlantic A, 20½; Atlantic L, 22; Appleton, A, 21; Atlantic, 22; Augusta, 19; Bangor, 19; Bedford, 15; Dwight, A, 20; Howard, A, 19; Indian Head, 21¾; James, 22½; Lanark, 20; Laurel, C, 19; do H, 21; Medford, 21; New Market, A, 22; Pacific, 21; Park, 18; Stark, A, 20. Sheeting and Shirting, bleached—Allegheny, 25; Bartletts, 29; Bay Mills, 26; Columbia, A, 21; Glen Brook, 17½; Greene Manufacturing Company, 21. Home, 32; do 36; Hope, 29; Lincoln, 18½; Lonsdale, 32c; New Market, A, 23; Palace Mills, 25; Plymouth, 26; Red Bank, A, 23; Slater, 25; Slaterville, 15½; Tip Top, 32. Stripes—Eagle, 27½; Everett, 27½; Harvester, 29@32; Haymaker, 27½; New York, 26. Prints—Allens, 19½; Arnolds, 15; Dunnells, 17; Empire, 19; Loudon Mourning, 15½; Lancaster 16; Lowell, 13½; Sullivan, 16; Victoria, 14; Wamsutta, 19½.

Finance and Trade in New York.

NEW YORK, May 4.—Gold closed at 127 @ 127¾. Exchange after reaching 109¾ fell off to 109. The Money market is easy, with no change. The Stock market was steady at the second regular Board, and there was no important change in prices. The market was all firmer at the last open Board, but business was light. The following were the closing quotations as at r. m.: Ohio Certificates, 76; New York Central, 97½; Erie, 74; Hudson River, 120.

At the Clearing-house meeting to-day there was a long discussion in the case of the Continental against the Commonwealth Bank on Rose-st. check. No decision was expressed whether the Clearing-house had jurisdiction in the matter and the subject was referred to a committee of five to report.

Petroleum and Mining Shares were active this afternoon and better: Bonnehoff, 11,800; Oil Creek, 69; Pithole Creek, 225; United States, 986; Ada Elmore, 230; Consolidated Gregory, 16,06; Robbins, 275; Downieville, 40; Smith & Parmlee, 945; Cannell Coal, 113; Texas, 75.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, May 4.—Flour advanced 10@15c, closing firm, at $6.00@10.25 for spring extra. Wheat quiet, at $1.56¼@1.56¾ for No. 1, and $1.07@1.10½ for No. 2. Corn declined 3c, closing at 67¼@68¾c for No. 1, and 64½@65¾c for No. 2. Oats steady, at 39@39c for No. 1, and 34½@36½c for No. 2. Highwines nominal, at $2.22. Provisions firm; mess pork $29.50@30. Lard firm, at 20½@21½c. Freights inactive.

Potatoes in Detroit.

DETROIT, May 2.—The market is fair, without any special activity. Rates are advancing, though there is no probability of their reaching their former rates. The Southern market is still overstocked, and purchases made are principally speculative. We note a sale to-day of 300 bbls at $4.50. There are no sales upon the streets.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, May 4.—Flour firm. Wheat active at 21@2c@1.63½ for Winter; $1.06½@1.07 for Summer.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, May 4, 1866.

There has been no new feature in the produce markets to-day worthy of special notice. There is a continued fair demand for Flour, Grain, Provisions, and produce generally, but prices have undergone little or no change, one way or the other.

GRAIN—Wheat is firm; sale of 1 car Club at $2.10 Oats in better supply, but, as yet, prices are still maintained; sale of 2 cars, on track, at 90; also, small sales from store at 63@65. Corn is firm, with sales of 3 cars shelled at 78, delivered. Barley is in demand and there is but very little offering—very little in market. Rye is quiet and unchanged.

FLOUR—Is firm and in continued fair demand, but the increased arrivals has a tendency to ease the market somewhat. We continue to quote at $10¼@10¾ for Spring Wheat, and $11½ to $12 for Winter Wheat. Included in the arrivals are 963 bbls from St. Louis, and there are several other lots en route from the same point for this market.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is firm with a fair jobbing demand but unchanged—13¾@14 for Shoulders; 16@16½ for Ribbed Sides; 21@21½ for Plain Sugar Cured Hams; and 22½ for Canvassed ditto. Lard is selling at 21 to 21½, for prime city in tierces, and Dried Beef at 24½. Mess Pork held firmly at $30.

POTATOES—Market very firm to-day, and with light arrivals and a limited supply, prices have advanced. Sales in a regular way at $1.20@1.25 per bush, and $3.40@3.50 per bbl—sale of 1 car prime Peach Blows, on track, at $3½.

SEEDS—There is some inquiry for Clover Seed, and we can report a sale of 200 bush at $5.40, and 100 do at $5.50. Flax Seed is in demand at $2¼ with light offerings. No Timothy Seed in this market.

DRIED FRUIT—Firm and looking up; sales at 15 to 17 for Apples; and Peaches at 19@20 for quarters, and 22 for prime halves.

OIL—Lard Oil is firm, with sales at $1.80 for No. 1, and $1.85 for No. 1 Extra.

BUTTER—Is dull, with a supply considerably in excess of the demand, and prices are barely maintained. We continue to quote at 35 to 40, for prime—some holders asking 45.

EGGS—In good supply and dull; sales reported at 14@16.

SALT—The demand continues very light, being restricted almost entirely to supplying the immediate wants of the retail trade. By car load it is quoted nominally at $2,45@2,50, and the usual advance for small lots from store.

PIG LEAD—Is quoted at 9½.

SORGHUM—Dull at 60@65.

SHELLED CORN—For Peoria, 54; for common Soda Ash, 6½; for Refined do; market quiet.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, May 4, 1866.

CRUDE—The market for Crude was firm today, though buyers were not disposed to operate very largely in advance, yet the transactions in the aggregate were fair, reaching between five and six thousand barrels. We now quote at bulk and barrels returned, 20½ for bbls included—some holders at the close asking the even twenty cents. Sales of 1,200 bbls—early in the day—at 19½; 1200 do at 19,300 at 19½ (35 days); at 19¾; 1200, to be delivered between the 10th and 30th of June, on private terms; 273 (Franklin oil) 14¾; 450 at 19; 700 at 19½ (30 days); 1200 at 19¾, and 200 at same price. We have no advices from the wells to-day, but there is no doubt but what oil has advanced as much there as it has here—if not more.

REFINED—There was again quite an active demand for bonded oil to-day, both for present and future delivery, and the market was somewhat excited and prices ruled higher. The transactions reported in the aggregate larger than during any previous day this season, reaching six thousand barrels, as follows: 500 bbls, to be delivered between the 1st and 10th of June, seller's option, at 29c free on board cars here; 1000, for June delivery in Philadelphia, at 32½; 500 for same delivery at 43; 500, for August delivery, at 41; 500, four months' delivery, at 41; 500 for May at 41; 500 for September, sellers option, at 46; 500 for August, buyers option, at 45½; 500 for September, on private terms—supposed in Philadelphia. Free, Oil is quiet but firm—no sales reported.

ARRIVALS—The arrivals of oil by the Allegheny river, since our last report, were as follows:

Jas Wilkins	1150	Fisher & Bro	900
Baxter & Ellison	600	W. Logan	503
Total			3153

St. Louis Market.

ST LOUIS, May 4.—Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat firm; best grades of Spring and Club are higher; No. 1 Spring, $1.77; Extra Club in elevator, $1.77; other grades unchanged. Corn firm, at 64@71. Oats firm and unchanged. Pork, Bacon, and Lard quiet and unchanged. Whisky easier, at $2.17.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, May 4.—Cotton easy; sales, 12,000 bales; to-days receipts, 3,800; week's receipts 10,388 against 10,323, week's exports 8,852; stock, 156,165. Gold, 127½. Sterling 109½@110. Sight Notes, 2½ premium. Sales, 1,200. Stock 10,322; Fair, at 30; Prime, at 30½, gold. Freights dull and unchanged.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, May 4.—Flour unchanged. Wheat market bare. Corn dull; parties a part; No. 1 Chicago mixed, 90c. Oats, Chicago, 60c. Barley, 87@$1.10. Rye nominal. Whisky $2.24. Pork $28@29.50. Lard 20@20½c. Canal freights dull. Oats to New York, 12c.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, May 4.—Flour in better demand. Wheat firm. Whisky unchanged. Provisions firmer and active. Mess pork sold at $29.50 to $30. Lard 21c and in large demand. Gold 127.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO, R. R. May 4—Cassatt & Co, 1 car hay, D Wilson 1 car meal, Graff, Bennett & co; 1 car hay, H Reaj r; 1 car potatoes, L H Voigt & co; 1 car metal, Nimick & co; 1 car barley, 1 car malt, J Rhodes; 100 sks flour, Wm Anderson; 1 bbl eggs, Phillips & Woods, 100 bbls flour, E Heazelton; 14 bales wool, Kirkpatrick & Bro; 20 sks rags, McCullough, Smith & Co; 1 bbl linseed oil, Joseph Gerst; 27 bbls oil, Buffum & co; 52 bxs cheese, H Riddle; 20 bxs starch, W H Kirkpatrik; 6 pkgs McKay & Bro; 1 car bendings, H H Collins; 100 bbls flour, J Greer; 100 do do, T C Jenkins; 100 do do, Kirkpatrick & Bro; 100 do do, Gay, Burke & co; 1 car corn, J McPherson; 463 pcs bacon, P Sellers & co.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, May 4.—2 cars millfeed, 3 cars oats, R Knox & Son; 9 do wheat, Gilmore, Simpson & co; 116 sks potatoes, John Dyer; 200 sacks barley, M Heckleman; 9 pkgs hominy, W Glass; 1 car staves, A Taylor; 2 do do, J M Hemphill; 10 pkgs fish, John Power; 20 bags millfeed, E B Morgan; 3 pkgs eggs, Beckfield & Co; 2 pkgs do do, Dyer; 2 do do, W J Allison; 164 sks flaxseed, M B Suydam; 104 sks barley, G & P Gerst; 2 bbls eggs, Jas O'Hanlon; 2 do do, R & A Carson; 2 cars wheat, Kennedy & Bro; 1 car flaxseed, Lyer & Hamilton; 5 bbls tallow, Reed & Johnston; 31 pkgs hides, A Holsteine.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAIL ROAD.—May 4.—Graff, Bennett & co; 2 cars potatoes, Potter, Aiken & Shepard; 50 hay rakes, Beckham & Long; 100 bbls flour, Knox & McKee; 2 car carboys, Jas Irwin; 25 boxes starch, Wm Cooper; 50 do do, Atwell, Lee & co; 30 do do, Arbuckles & co; 5 doz brooms, C Boucher; 6 kegs tobacco, John Grazier; 2 pkgs tobacco, T C Jenkins; 10 bales tow A H Childs; 2 bbls eggs, 2 do butter, H Riddle; 100 barrels flour, Shomaker & Lang; 100 do do, C B Leech; 2 bxs tobacco, F Maul.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI R. R. May 2—2 cars oats, 2 do corn, Culp & Shepard; 6 hhds tobacco, W D Rinehart; 2 pkgs tobacco, P H McKenna; 100 bbls flour, T C Jenkins; 200 do do, Jas Gardiner; 20 bbls and 60 sks flour, Hahn & Riddle; 50 bbls and 80 sacks flour, Wm Cooper & co; 2 pkgs butter, 1 do eggs; T Newlin; 50 sks oats, Sturgeon & Bro; 22 pcs bacon, 2 sks seed, 1 keg WM, L H Voigt & co; 21 barrels eggs, T C Jenkins; 200 bbls flour, Graham & Thomas; 1 car staves, Thos Merkle; 1 do do, J Smith.

PIC-NICS, PARTIES, &c.

PIC-NIC AND PLEASURE PARTIES.

THE JONES' FERRY COMPANY is prepared to carry Pic-nic and Pleasure Parties to any point on the rivers within the limits of Allegheny County. Apply at the Wharf Boat, foot of Penn street, to ap26:2wd DAVID ROBINSON, Supt.

WALL PAPERS, &c.

THOMAS PALMER

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

WALL PAPER

TRANSPARENT WINDOW SHADES.

AND

TABLE COVERS

Warehouse, 91 Wood Street,

Second door below Diamond Alley,

fe24:6md PITTSBURGH, PA.

PAPER HANGINGS FOR 1866.

A great collection of

American Wall Papers.

For the first time in five years

NEW ENGLISH PAPER

A choice selection of the

Newest French Papers

For sale by

mh31 WALTER P. MARSHALL, 87 Wood Street.

FINE GOLD PAPERS,

FOR PARLORS,

Of the NEWEST DESIGNS, at 107 Market street.

ap21 JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

WALL PAPERS

OF ALL QUALITIES, AT

No. 107 MARKET STREET, NEAR FIFTH.

ap21 JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

PLUMBERS, &c.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Patent Lead Pipe.

Have constantly on hand and made to order,

LEAD PIPE AND SHEET LEAD

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Warehouse, No. 107 Smithfield Street,

ap29

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

Peerless.....Russell.....Oil City.
Grey Eagle.....Gordon.....Parkersburg.
Citizen.....Hare.....St. Louis.

DEPARTURES.

Nora.....Devinney.....Cincinnati.
Yorktown.....Ebbert.....St. Louis.
Leni Leoti.....Hamilton.....Parkersburg.

RIVER, WEATHER, ETC.

The river is receding slowly at this point, with about six feet in the channel by the marks last evening. At Oil City, there is less than thirty inches, and falling. The weather continues clear and pleasant, and very favorable for out-door business.

The Citizen, from St. Louis, with an excellent trip, is the only transient arrival we have to record. She had two barges in tow, one loaded with oil barrels, and the other with sand, beside a large amount of miscellaneous freight on the boat. The Julia arrived from Zanesville, on Thursday night, and the Grey Eagle, from Parkersburg, is due here this morning.

The Nora left for Cincinnati last evening, with a good trip, having about all the freight she would hold, quite a number of passengers. The Yorktown cleared for St. Louis yesterday afternoon, with the usual crowds dragging in the water, and her cabin full of passengers.

The Columbia left St. Louis, for Pittsburgh, on Wednesday, and the Importer was advertised to follow on Thursday.

Capt. John Shouse went out as one of the pilots on the Nora, and Capt. Jake Poe had charge of the helm on the Yorktown—both veterans in the service.

The Argonaut, from St. Louis, was due here last night, and will doubtless be found in port this morning. The Kate Robinson and Kenton are en route from St. Louis to this port. The Glasgow, Kate Putnam and Armadillo were advertised to leave Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Thursday.

Steamboat robberies are all the "go." The office of the Importer was entered at St. Louis a day or two ago, and robbed of some five dollars in small currency bills—all the money that was in the cash drawer.

The Robt. Moore, in charge of Capt. Dan Marratta, is next on the list for Cincinnati and Louisville, and will leave at an early day next week. Passengers and shippers should bear this fact in mind.

The Armenia, Capt. A. C. McCallum, is now in turn for St. Louis, and will, we presume, commence business at once.

The Messenger, Capt. Jesse Dean, is announced for Memphis and New Orleans.

The Louisville *Courier*, of Wednesday, says:

The Lorena, from Pittsburgh, bound for St. Louis, was detained at the wharf several hours on account of the wind. It blew a gale at times, making the river as rough as the sea, and it was feared that the huge waves and wind combined would either swamp or capsize the boat.

The St. Paul *Pioneer*, of the 27th ult., says:

STAGE OF WATER—The water is on the decline, having fallen three inches during Tuesday night.

THE COLUMBIA.—This packet arrived from Pittsburgh yesterday, with a very heavy load of iron, nails, glass, &c. We are indebted to her clerk, J. W. Clark, for a manifest, to be found elsewhere. The Columbia will leave today for Pittsburgh direct.

A NOVEL CASE.—Some days since Capt. Tom Berry, of the Des Arc, was called upon to take down on that steamer thirty mules, for a planter residing about seventy miles below Memphis. A few of them died shortly after their arrival at the plantation, whereupon the planter, conceiving that the animules had been poisoned on the boat, had them disembowled, and the contents, filling several barrels, sent to Memphis for examination by a medical gentleman. The fact has not yet been decided. We hope when it is the result will be given us, and elaborated into comprehensiveness in detail, so plain that the "rank and file" runs may read. With an intensely hot atmosphere, we can sympathize with the gentleman who has undertaken to give us information involving the analytical examination of a mules bowels.—*Cin. Gazetter.*

LETTER LIST.

LIST OF UNCLAIMED LETTERS

remaining in the Post Office at Allegheny City, Pa., SATURDAY, MAY 5, 1866.

To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for "*Advertised Letters*," giving the date of this list and pay ONE CENT for advertising.

If not called for within *one month* they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

FREE DELIVERY letters by carriers, at the residence of owners, may be secured by observing the following RULES:

1. Direct letters plainly to the street and number, as well as the City and State.

2. Head letters with the writer's *Post Office*, and *State, street and number*, sign them plainly with full name, and request that answer be directed accordingly.

Letters to strangers or transient visitors in a town or city, whose permanent address may be unknown, should be marked on the lower left hand corner, with the word "Transient."

4. Place the postage stamp on the upper right hand corner, and leave space between the stamp and direction for *post-age* stamps to be affixed by the writing.

5. It is important for the RETURN of a letter to the writer, if unclaimed within THIRTY DAYS or less, written or printed with the writer's name, *Post Office and State*, and street and number, if he lives in one, on the face side, will be complied with at the usual prepaid rate of postage, payable when the letter is delivered to the writer. A 2c. stamp need be affixed.

A	Graham W J	Orr Lizzie	
Alsom Amy	Gordon W H	O'Connor Pat	
Armstrong A	Greenwalk W	P	
Arris Sophia	H	Plounder Annie	
Adams Jacso	Hildebrand A	Pulsder Annie	
Anderson Thos	Hilderbrand J	Pyghin Eliza	
B	Hazel Arch	Pinnett F	
Barkley A C	Hung Austin	Pratt Isrra	
Boyd Charles	Herman H J	Porter Maggie	
Baxter D	Hook Chas	Powell Wm	
Burns Daniel	Hough D E	Pryde Wm	
Bonnett F E	Houpt Fredk	Q	
Bigham Frank	Hughes Chas	Quinn Eliz M	
Beckert & Son	Hamilton Jane	Quinn Bella	
Borland Sam'l	Hayes Jas F	R	
Bongess Susan	Herman Jno F	Reep Ada F	
Brown Minnie	Hall Jno	Right Chas H	
Bost John	Hannay Rev T	Reidel Rd	
Barnes Jennie	Holenback I A	Rhone Jere	
Bagwell Jane	Hall Mrs D	Russell John	
Browne J H	Hunter Wm	Rice J M	
Benson J C & co	Henderson G	Ryberts Mr	
Brown J C	Hewan W H	Rehall Lydia	
Bonnet Lizzie	Hutterson; 1	Roilinson M	
Buchanan Mrs	J	Rea W C	
Beers Mary	Irwin Maggie	S	
Bayard Mary J	Irwin Martha	Seamen A J	
Beatty Wm	Ingram David	Steen Amos	
Bradley W I	K	Shaeffer C & co	
Bartrim F	Jeffrey Sami	Shively C	
Boyle Patrick	Jenkins Jno W	Sutherland C	
Bruce R H	Jackoby Theo	Seibert C M	
C	Johnston Mag	Sutherland Dr	
Carter David	Johnson C	Seller A W	
Clark Benj	Johnson L	Simeman &	
Crocker Adam	Jones Henrieta	Newhard	
Crelin A J	K	Strickland F	
Cart Jno H	Kesling Geo	Schneider Hen	
Chambers A	Kennedy Hugh	Swearingen H	
Clark David	Krebs Mary	Swaney Sarah	
Cassiday H	L	Scott S L	
Colvin Sarah	Limpencil Ch	Simon James	
Champion S	Linhart Jno	Smith Jacob	
Cook J M	Lindsay Jas	Scott L	
Cochran Jord J	Lapman Jas	Sweeney M	
Cunningham	Lowry Maggie	Sylvester M	
Crawford J W	Lee Mary J	Sarber M	
Criswell J A	Lynch kate	Snyder N	
Crawford W M	Lynch Mary	Sprowls Jane	
Caime L C	Lands Mary J	Sewell Wm	
Casky Mary A	Lee W S	Smith P	
Cole Jno M	Lynch Wm	Smith Proxell	
Cole Margaret	Lyons W E	& Co	
Costelow M	M	steel M J	
Congel Philip	Martin Alex	T	
D	Morey Eilen A	Terry Jno W	
Dounley Arth	Meyer Ellen	Taylor Jennie	
Dunham & Son	Murphy Eugen	Taylor Jno J	
Dolan G W	Mallon Frank	Thompson H	
Dugan Henry	Meyer Geo	Tims Jacob W	
Darling J M	Mathews Sarah	Thompson W	
Davis W J	Martin Jacob	U	
Duncan W H	Miller Margt E	Umstead Miss	
Dunson Wm	Moore W	V	
Dilna Wm	Morris Mary E	Vaursy Eliza J	
E	Mc	Van Finch J	
Echols Mary	McLean C A	W	
Ewer M G	McElroy Mrs M	Wagley A S	
F	McCamble Ma J	Walter Anna B	
Floyd G W	McCullough Rob	Williams Mary	
Foley Wm	McCombs Jas	Work Capt F M	
Fincher W H	McDonald J F	Walker F G	
Fox Patrick	McCracken Th	Wright Geo	
G	McCrea Jas	Wagner Geo	
Gilbert Ada	McConnell Jah	Weaver Jas A	
Gering F	McGinnis Marg	Wells Jas	
Gray Geo K 2	Mayer Mary	Wellmyell Jno	
Gardner Miss S	McMasters Het	Webb Jno	
Graham Sadie	McCuen Eliza	Watson Jos	
Gobrler Jas	Metzger & Osm	Walker Nancy	
Grant Jas	Newton A	Welsh Walter	
Graham Lina	O	Wagner Wm	
Good Mary N	Osmond Rev G	Y	
Greer Mat	H	Young Jere	
	Olinger Eliza	Young Mary E	

From and after first of April, the Post Office will be opened at 7½ a. m., and close at 9½ p. m.—half an hour later than through the winter. SAMUEL RIDDLE, Postmaster.

BORING TOOLS.

PETROLIA MACHINE WORKS.

R. H. LECKY,

No. 32 Ohio Street, Allegheny.

Manufacturer of

IMPROVED BORING TOOLS AND FIXTURES

Oil Well Sinking, Oil and Salt Wells.

Particular attention invited to his Patented improvements in Jars and Joints, manufactured in Sizes and Low Iron, in standard sizes, and numbered, so that parts can be ordered by mail or telegraph, and found to fit at all times.

We also furnish ropes, belting, small tools, &c., to those who may wish it. Rotaries and machine work made to order. Orders by mail promptly attended to. I am prepared to grant licenses to other manufacturers for these improvements on liberal terms. Jobbing of all kinds promptly done.

de12:6mMAD R. H. LECKY.

LEGAL.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE. By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Allegheny County, dated April 26th, inst., the undersigned, Guardian of the minor children and heirs at law of Matthew Smith, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, at the Court House, in the City of Pittsburgh, on SATURDAY, May 26th, 1866, at 10 o'clock A. M., all that certain Lot of Ground situate in the Third Ward, City of Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, Pa., numbered in the plan of lots of John Hoge as No. 40, and bounded by High street, by a lot now or late of Andrew Wilson, and by lot No. 39, being 20 feet by 145 feet, whereon are erected a Frame House containing one room and a garret, a two-storied Frame Building, and a two-storied Brick tenements, &c.

Terms made known at time of sale. For further information, enquire of A. M. BROWN, Attorney at Law, Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

my2:2t4&w3 JOHN HARRISON, Guardian.

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RICHARD W. ROBERTS.....T. ROBINSON

FOURTH STREET UPHOLSTERY

No. 8 FOURTH STREET, NEAR WOOD.—The subscribers manufacture and keep constantly on hands every article in their line, viz: Cornices, Ornaments, Curtain Goods, Comforts, Feather Beds, Mat resses, of all kinds; also, the celebrated Parlor Spring Bed. All kinds of Shades, Blinds and Mattresses promptly attended to. Satisfaction is given to suits r and laying down Carpets. Oil Cloths, &c.

ap7 ROBERTS & ROBINSON.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES,

To make room for an ENTIRE NEW STOCK.

my1 CHARLOTTE BLUME, 48 Fifth street.

CHIMNEY TOPS—100 assorted

for sale by (my4) HENRY H. COLLINS.

STEAMBOATS.

1866. 1866.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

MONONGAHELA RIVER;

Pittsburgh, Brownsville and Geneva,

UNION LINE,

PACKET COMPY.

Will run three daily side-wheel steamers between Pittsburgh, Monongahela City, Brownsville, Rice's Landing, Greensboro, Geneva and the Dunkard Oil Regions. This line is composed of the following steamers:

FAYETTE.....CAPT. S. C. SPEER.
TELEGRAPH.....CAPT. D. UHRICH.
FRANKLIN.....CAPT. Z. W. CARMAC
GALLATIN.....CAPT. A. S. CARLILE.

These packets will leave Pittsburgh daily at 8 a. m., and 6 p. m, except Sunday, when the departure will be at 5 o'clock, a. m.

The through packet for the Oil Regions will leave Pittsburgh daily at 6 p. m. Brownsville daily at 5 a. m.

RETURNING—Leave Brownsville for Pittsburgh daily at 7 a. m, and 5 p. m.

Leaves Greensboro and Geneva at 12 o'clock; Rice's Landing at 2 p. m.

Leaves Monongahela City at 5 o'clock.

The line is composed of first-class side-wheel steamers, built expressly for the trade. They will be commanded by officers of long experience, who will pay particular attention to the wants and comfort of passengers. The boats will leave promptly at the hour advertised

Freights Received at all Hours.

For further particulars, enquire of

WILLIAM McELROY, Agent,
At the Wharf-Boat, foot of Grant st., Pittsburgh.
L. COLVIN, Agent,
fe19:3md Brownsville, Pa.

FOR CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.—The fine steamer YORKTOWN.....CAPT. G. W. EBBERT.

Will leave for the above and all intermediate ports on THIS DAY, at 4 p. m.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

my1 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

FOR CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.—The splendid passenger steamer NORA.....Capt. H. H. DEVENNEY,

Will leave for the above and all intermediate ports THIS DAY, at 4 p. m.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

ap30 JOHN FLACK, J. D. COLLINGWOOD, } Agents.

FOR MEMPHIS & NEW ORLEANS.—The splendid steamer MESSENGER.....Capt. JESSE DEAN,

Will leave as above on THURSDAY, at 4 p. m.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

ap26 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

REGULAR PACKET FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA AND PARKERSVILLE.—The fine steamer EMMA GRAHAM, Capt. C. E. STEEL, will leave for the above and all intermediate ports every TUESDAY, at 4 p. m., and Saturday, at 10 o'clock, A. M. FRIDAY, at 7 a. m. J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

MANUFACTURERS.

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FOUNDERS, ENGINE BUILDERS AND MACHINISTS, Manufacturers of STEAMBOAT ENGINES, OIL WELL ENGINES, LOCOMOTIVES for Coal Works, all kinds of Land and Marine ENGINES, made to order.

From the well known reputation of the Manager, Mr. JAMES NELSON, we hope to secure a liberal share of patronage from Steamboat builders and others requiring our services, and will endeavor to do all work in the best manner for a fair compensation, and to do it in the time we say. All kinds of CASTINGS made to order. Repairing Machinery promptly attended to. We can turn a Shaft 35 feet long, and have lathes to planing 20 feet square.

Shop on Duquesne Way, near the Point, foundry on Third street, near Market, Pittsburgh, Pa. ap18:6md

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MODES, RYRIE & CO.,

Manufacturers of BLACK and GREEN GLASS-WARE, Druggists' Ware, Phials, Demijohns, &c. Warehouse, No. 161 WATER STREET, between Smithfield and Grant streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

We warrant our Ware to be superior to any manufactured west of the Mountains. Always on hand, a large assortment of the above articles. All orders promptly attended to. Particular attention